

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Transition Period From To

COMMISSION FILE NO.: 001-34098

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

20-4062622

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

**Building A1, 68 Xinxia Street, Pinghu, Longgang,
Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518111, People's Republic of China**
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)(ZIP CODE)

(86) 755-89686238

(COMPANY'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The registrant had 13,582,106 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, outstanding as of May 13, 2013.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC.
FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED March 31, 2013
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Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Stated in US Dollars except Number of Shares)

	<i>March 31,</i> <i>2013</i>	<i>December 31,</i> <i>2012</i>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,705,786	6,627,334
Restricted cash	26,615,916	27,695,569
Accounts receivable, net	22,607,922	25,323,899
Notes receivable	634,563	392,242
Prepayments	3,901,279	3,223,795
Other receivables	762,436	802,907
Inventories	16,117,760	16,719,807
Total Current Assets	<u>75,345,662</u>	<u>80,785,553</u>
Property, plant and equipment, net	33,963,640	33,462,369
Land use right, net	4,374,056	4,423,348
Intangible asset, net	687,500	700,000
Deferred tax assets	870,709	762,954
Foreign currency derivatives assets	124,101	255,508
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>115,365,668</u>	<u>120,389,732</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	27,495,330	27,509,195
Deferred revenue	657,370	661,178
Short-term loan	23,992,952	20,478,604
Notes payable	18,625,288	26,397,200
Other payables and accrued liabilities	5,339,146	4,485,918
Income taxes payable	918,882	1,180,469
Current portion of long-term loan	1,914,670	1,925,762
Total Current Liabilities	<u>78,943,638</u>	<u>82,638,326</u>
Long-term loan	5,265,341	5,777,286
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>84,208,979</u>	<u>88,415,612</u>
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	-	-

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)
(Stated in US Dollars except Number of Shares)

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2013</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2012</u>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
EQUITY		
Stockholder's equity		
Preferred Stock		
(Par value: \$0.0001, Authorized: 10,000,000 shares, Issued and outstanding: none)		
Common stock (Par value : \$0.0001, Authorized: 100,000,000 shares, 13,582,106 shares issued and outstanding at March 31,2013 and December 31, 2012)	1,358	1,358
Additional paid-in capital	6,084,269	6,035,230
Statutory and other reserves	2,790,484	2,790,484
Retained earnings	16,682,704	17,291,584
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>4,826,492</u>	<u>5,049,864</u>
Total equity for the Company's stockholders	<u>30,385,307</u>	<u>31,168,520</u>
Non-controlling interest	<u>771,382</u>	<u>805,600</u>
TOTAL EQUITY	<u>31,156,689</u>	<u>31,974,120</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	<u><u>115,365,668</u></u>	<u><u>120,389,732</u></u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(Stated in US Dollars except Number of Shares)

	<i>Three months ended March 31,</i>	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i> \$	<i>(Unaudited)</i> \$
Net sales	24,399,372	20,602,783
Cost of sales	<u>(19,636,192)</u>	<u>(16,930,524)</u>
Gross profit	<u>4,763,180</u>	<u>3,672,259</u>
Research and development expenses	(1,102,468)	(884,346)
Selling and distribution expenses	(1,395,402)	(1,198,900)
General and administrative expenses, including stock-based compensation	(2,805,391)	(2,014,485)
Loss on exchange rate difference	(39,947)	(31,330)
Gain of derivative instruments	109,948	337,103
Total operation expenses	<u>(5,233,260)</u>	<u>(3,791,958)</u>
Loss from operations	(470,080)	(119,699)
Other income	216,149	167,033
Interest expenses	<u>(336,266)</u>	<u>(12,318)</u>
Income (loss) before taxes	(590,197)	35,016
Income taxes expenses	(48,219)	(53,325)
Net loss	<u>(638,416)</u>	<u>(18,309)</u>
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(29,536)	(21,494)
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	(608,880)	3,185
Comprehensive income (loss)		
Net loss	(638,416)	(18,309)
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	(228,054)	144,905
Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>(866,470)</u>	<u>126,596</u>
Less: comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(34,218)	(21,452)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the Company	<u>(832,252)</u>	<u>148,048</u>
Earnings (loss) per share of common stock attributable to the Company		
- Basic and diluted	<u>(0.04)</u>	<u>-</u>
Weighted average number of common stock outstanding		
- Basic and diluted	<u>13,582,106</u>	<u>13,582,106</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Stated in US Dollars)

	<i>Three months ended March 31,</i>	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	(638,416)	(18,309)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities :		
Depreciation and amortization	568,719	493,486
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,252)	20,203
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	36,903	131
Income on derivative instruments	129,749	(337,103)
Deferred income tax	(111,704)	(42,523)
Share based payment	49,039	41,073
Changes in operating assets and liabilities :		
Accounts receivable	2,583,851	2,175,529
Notes receivable	(244,230)	152,459
Prepayments	(694,174)	780,082
Other receivable	35,795	241,553
Inventories	505,048	727,314
Accounts payable	1,698,223	(2,882,177)
Other payables and accrued liabilities	876,198	657,272
Income taxes payable	(254,421)	79,995
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	<u>4,536,328</u>	<u>2,088,985</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of plant and equipment	(3,025,300)	(3,542,211)
Acquisition of land use right	-	(1,327,923)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	<u>(3,025,300)</u>	<u>(4,870,134)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from short-term bank loans	9,339,810	3,176,620
Repayment of short-term bank loans	(5,786,540)	-
Proceeds from long-term bank loans	-	7,925,940
Repayment of long-term bank loans	(477,981)	-
Proceeds from notes payable	5,474,476	8,367,572
Repayment of notes payable	(13,083,414)	(5,698,187)
Proceeds from non-controlling interest	-	951,113
Increase (decrease) in restricted cash	945,392	(1,525,001)
Net cash flows provided (used in) by financing activities	<u>(3,588,257)</u>	<u>13,198,057</u>
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash and cash equivalents	155,681	(120,553)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,921,548)	10,296,355
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	6,627,334	5,175,623
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	<u>4,705,786</u>	<u>15,471,978</u>
Supplemental disclosures for cash flow information :		
Cash paid for :		
Income taxes	414,343	15,854
Interest expenses	336,266	219,867
Non-cash transactions		
Accounts payable for construction in progress	2,189,363	1,857,764

See notes to consolidated financial statements

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

1. Organization and basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Highpower International, Inc. (“Highpower”) and its subsidiaries, Hong Kong Highpower Technology Company Limited (“HKHTC”), Shenzhen Highpower Technology Company Limited (“SZ Highpower”), Highpower Energy Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited (“HZ Highpower”), Springpower Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited (“SZ Springpower”), Ganzhou Highpower Technology Company Limited (“GZ Highpower”), Icon Energy System Company Limited (“ICON”) and Huizhou Highpower Technology Limited (“HZ HTC”). Highpower and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the “Company”.

Highpower was incorporated in the State of Delaware on January 3, 2006 to locate a suitable acquisition candidate. HKHTC was incorporated in Hong Kong on July 4, 2003 and organized principally to engage in the manufacturing and trading of nickel metal hydride rechargeable batteries. All other subsidiaries are incorporated in the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”).

On February 8, 2012, GZ Highpower, which was incorporated in September 21, 2010, increased its registered capital to RMB30,000,000 (\$4,762,586). SZ Highpower holds 60% of the equity interest of GZ Highpower, and four founding management members of GZ Highpower hold the remaining 40%. As of March 31, 2013, the paid-in capital was approximately RMB15,000,000 (\$2,381,293).

On March 8, 2012, the Company invested RMB5,000,000 (\$791,377) in HZ HTC, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of SZ Highpower. HZ HTC engages in the manufacture of Lithium batteries.

On September 14, 2012, SZ Springpower increased its registered capital from \$1,000,000 to \$3,330,000. SZ Highpower paid the increased capital. As of March 31, 2013, SZ Highpower holds 69.97% of the equity interest of SZ Springpower, and HKHTC holds the remaining 30.03%.

The subsidiaries of the Company and their principal activities are described as follows:

Name of company	Place and date incorporation	Attributable equity interest held	Principal activities
Hong Kong Highpower Technology Co., Ltd (“HKHTC”)	Hong Kong July 4, 2003	100%	Investment holding
Shenzhen Highpower Technology Co., Ltd (“SZ Highpower”)	PRC October 8, 2002	100%	Manufacturing & marketing of batteries
Highpower Energy Technology (Huizhou) Co., Ltd (“HZ Highpower”)	PRC January 29, 2008	100%	Inactive
Springpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd (“SZ Springpower”)	PRC June 4, 2008	100%	Research & manufacturing of batteries

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

1. Organization and basis of presentation (continued)

Ganzhou Highpower Technology Co., Ltd ("GZ Highpower")	PRC September 21, 2010	60%	Processing, marketing and research of battery materials
Icon Energy System Co., Ltd. ("ICON")	PRC February 23, 2011	100%	Research and production of advanced battery packs and systems
Huizhou Highpower Technology Co., Ltd ("HZ HTC")	PRC March 8, 2012	100%	Manufacturing & marketing of batteries

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2012, which has been derived from audited financial statements, and the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2013 and for the three month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures, which are normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP), have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although we believe that the disclosures made are adequate to provide for fair presentation. The interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, previously filed with the SEC.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present a fair statement of the Company's consolidated financial position as of March 31, 2013, its consolidated results of operations and cash flows for the three month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, as applicable, have been made. The interim results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future periods.

Principle of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Non-controlling interests represent the ownership interests in GZ Highpower that are held by owners other than the parent and are part of the equity of the consolidated group. The non-controlling interests are reported in the consolidated balance sheets within equity, separately from the stockholders' equity. Net income or loss and comprehensive income or loss is attributed to the stockholders and the non-controlling interests. If losses attributable to the stockholders and the non-controlling interests in SZ Highpower exceed their interests in SZ Highpower's equity, the excess, and any further losses attributable to the stockholders and the non-controlling interests, is attributed to those interests.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include revenues; the allowance for doubtful receivables; recoverability of the carrying amount of inventory; fair values of financial instruments; and the assessment of deferred tax assets or liabilities. These estimates are often based on complex judgments and assumptions that management believes to be reasonable but are inherently uncertain and unpredictable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Concentrations of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable. The Company extends credit based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition, generally without requiring collateral or other security. In order to minimize the credit risk, the management of the Company has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. Further, the Company reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management of the Company considers that the Company's credit risk is significantly reduced.

During the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, there was one customer, Energizer Holdings, Inc., that accounted for 10% or more of total net sales. The percentages of total net sales from Energizer Holdings, Inc. in the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 were 13.6% and 13.2%, respectively.

One of the Company's third-party customers accounted for 10% or more of total accounts receivable. The top third-party customer accounted for 11% of the accounts receivable as of March 31, 2013 and 16% of the accounts receivable as of December 31, 2012.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash, deposits in banks and other liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

Restricted cash

Certain cash balances are held as security for notes payable and are classified as restricted cash in the Company's balance sheets.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the original amount less an allowance made for doubtful receivables, if any, based on a review of all outstanding amounts at period end. An allowance is also made when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Bad debts are written off when identified. The Company extends unsecured credit to customers in the normal course of business and believes all accounts receivable in excess of the allowances for doubtful receivables to be fully collectible. The Company does not accrue interest on trade accounts receivable.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Inventory includes raw materials, packing materials, work in progress and finished goods. The variable production overhead is allocated to each unit of production on the basis of the actual use of the production facilities. The allocation of fixed production overhead to the costs of conversion is based on the normal capacity of the production facilities.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost represents the purchase price of the asset and other costs incurred to bring the asset into its existing use. Maintenance, repairs and betterments, including replacement of minor items, are charged to expense; major additions to physical properties are capitalized.

Depreciation of plant and equipment is provided using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives at the following annual rates:

Buildings	5% - 10%
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	20%
Leasehold improvement	50%
Machinery and equipment	10%
Motor vehicles	20%

Upon sale or disposal, the applicable amounts of asset cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the net amount less proceeds from disposal is charged or credited to income.

Construction in progress represents capital expenditures for direct costs of construction or acquisition and design fees incurred, and the interest expense directly related to the construction. Capitalization of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the assets for their intended use are completed. Construction in progress is not depreciated.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Land use rights, net

Land use rights represent payments for the rights to use certain parcels of land for a certain period of time in the PRC. Land use rights are carried at cost and charged to expense on a straight-line basis over the period the rights are granted.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets represent a royalty-bearing, non-exclusive license to use certain patents owned by Ovonic Battery Company, Inc. ("Ovonic"), an unrelated party, to manufacture rechargeable nickel metal hydride batteries for portable consumer applications ("Consumer Batteries") in the PRC, and a royalty-bearing, non-exclusive worldwide license to use certain patents owned by Ovonic to manufacture, sell and distribute Consumer Batteries. The value of the licenses was established based on historic acquisition costs.

Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives, and are reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently, if indications of possible impairment exist.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents the government grants received related to developing property, and will be recognized over the useful lives of the assets. The Company received a grant of \$657,370 on May 28, 2012 from the Department of Industry and Information Technology for the construction of the new factory in Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, PRC. The Company will apply the deferred revenue to reduce the cost basis of the assets, upon completion of construction of the warehouse, thus reducing the annual depreciation charge over the estimated useful life of the property, plant and equipment of the new factory.

Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when all of the following criteria exist: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered; (3) price to the buyer is fixed or determinable; and (4) collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company does not have arrangements for returns from customers and does not have any future obligations directly or indirectly related to product resale by customers. The Company has no incentive programs.

Research and development

Research and development expenses include expenses directly attributable to the conduct of research and development programs, including the expenses of salaries, employee benefits, materials, supplies, maintenance of research equipment. All expenditures associated with research and development are expensed as incurred.

Advertising

Advertising which generally represents the cost of promotions to create or stimulate a positive image of the Company or a desire to buy the Company's products and services, is expensed as incurred. No advertising expense was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each period end based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates, applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

Uncertain tax positions

The Company accounts for uncertainty in income taxes using a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates that it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount that is more than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement. The Company classifies the liability for unrecognized tax benefits as current to the extent that the Company anticipates payment (or receipt) of cash within one year. Interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions are recognized and recorded as necessary in the provision for income taxes. There were no uncertain tax positions as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Comprehensive income

Recognized revenue, expenses, gains and losses are included in net income or loss. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities are reported as separate components of the equity section of the consolidated balance sheet, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income or loss. The components of other comprehensive income or loss consisted solely of foreign currency translation adjustments, net of the income tax effect.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency translation and transactions

Highpower's functional currency is the United States dollar ("US\$"). HKHTC's functional currency is the Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"). The functional currency of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC is the Renminbi ("RMB").

At the date a foreign currency transaction is recognized, each asset, liability, revenue, expense, gain, or loss arising from the transaction is measured initially in the functional currency of the recording entity by use of the exchange rate in effect at that date. The increase or decrease in expected functional currency cash flows upon settlement of a transaction resulting from a change in exchange rates between the functional currency and the currency in which the transaction is denominated is recognized as foreign currency transaction gain or loss that is included in determining net income for the period in which the exchange rate changes. At each balance sheet date, recorded balances that are denominated in a foreign currency are adjusted to reflect the current exchange rate.

The Company's reporting currency is US\$. Assets and liabilities of HKHTC and the PRC subsidiaries are translated at the current exchange rate at the balance sheet dates, revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates during the reporting periods, and equity accounts are translated at historical rates. Translation adjustments are reported in other comprehensive income.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, trade and other receivables, deposits, trade and other payables, bank borrowings, approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of such instruments.

The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required or permitted to be recorded at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and it considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

The Company establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires maximizing the use of observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The Company measures fair value using three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

-Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

-Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

-Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Derivatives

From time to time the Company may utilize foreign currency forward contracts to reduce the impact of foreign currency exchange rate risk. Management considered that the foreign currency forwards could not meet the criteria for designated hedging instruments and hedged transactions to qualify for cash flow hedge or fair value hedge accounting. The currency forwards therefore are accounted for as derivatives, with fair value changes reported as gain (loss) of derivative instruments in the income statement. The fair value balance of the foreign currency derivatives assets was \$124,101 and \$255,508 as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing income attributable to holders of common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common shares were exercised or converted into common shares.

There were 727,500 options and warrants outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and 2012 which were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2013 because of the net loss sustained for period and for the three months ended March 31 2012 for their exercise price would be above average market value.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

As of May 12, 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2012-01 through ASU 2013-07, which are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

3. Accounts receivable, net

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, accounts receivable consisted of the following:

	<i>March 31, 2013</i>	<i>December 31, 2012</i>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
Accounts receivable	24,629,029	27,353,677
Less: allowance for doubtful debts	2,021,107	2,029,778
	<u>22,607,922</u>	<u>25,323,899</u>

The Company reversed bad debt expense of \$4,252 during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and experienced bad debt expenses of \$20,203 during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

The Company wrote off accounts receivable of nil and \$457, respectively, in the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

4. Prepayments

	<i>March 31, 2013</i>	<i>December 31, 2012</i>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
Purchase deposits paid	2,141,151	1,120,911
Advance to staff	154,283	70,882
Other deposits and prepayments	1,259,026	1,261,523
Valued-added tax prepayment	346,819	770,479
	<u>3,901,279</u>	<u>3,223,795</u>

Other deposits and prepayments represent deferred expenses and prepayments to services providers.

5. Other receivables

	<i>March 31, 2013</i>	<i>December 31, 2012</i>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
Deposit for land use right	504,669	507,592
Others	257,767	295,315
	<u>762,436</u>	<u>802,907</u>

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6. Inventories

	<i>March 31,</i> <i>2013</i>	<i>December 31,</i> <i>2012</i>
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>	
	\$	\$
Raw materials	3,877,186	4,237,094
Work in progress	2,351,266	2,678,471
Finished goods	9,593,088	9,647,671
Packing materials	14,601	12,727
Consumables	281,619	143,844
	<u>16,117,760</u>	<u>16,719,807</u>

Where there is evidence that the utility of inventories, in their disposal in the ordinary course of business, will be less than cost, whether due to physical deterioration, obsolescence, changes in price levels, or other causes, the inventories are written down to fair value for the difference with charges to cost of sales. Nil and \$248,622 was written down for inventories as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

7. Property, plant and equipment, net

	<i>March 31,</i> <i>2013</i>	<i>December 31,</i> <i>2012</i>
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>	
	\$	\$
<i>Cost</i>		
Construction in progress	21,027,743	20,769,452
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	3,055,521	3,066,411
Leasehold improvement	98,904	99,477
Machinery and equipment	15,938,140	15,807,695
Motor vehicles	1,309,345	1,316,717
Building	807,985	271,921
	<u>42,237,638</u>	<u>41,331,673</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>8,273,998</u>	<u>7,869,304</u>
	<u>33,963,640</u>	<u>33,462,369</u>

The Company recorded depreciation expenses of \$532,439 and \$461,300 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The capitalized interest recognized in construction in progress was nil and \$541,999 as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

No property, plant and equipment were pledged as collateral for bank loans as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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8. Land use rights, net

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2013</u> <i>(Unaudited)</i>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2012</u>
	\$	\$
Cost		
Land located in Huizhou	3,426,152	3,446,001
Land located in Ganzhou	<u>1,336,610</u>	<u>1,344,353</u>
	4,762,762	4,790,354
Accumulated amortization	<u>(388,706)</u>	<u>(367,006)</u>
Net	<u><u>4,374,056</u></u>	<u><u>4,423,348</u></u>

As of March 31, 2013, land use rights of the Company included certain parcels of land located in Huizhou City, Guangdong Province, PRC and Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, PRC, with a total net carrying value of \$4,374,056. Land use rights for land in Huizhou City with area of approximately 126,605 square meters and in Ganzhou City with an area of approximately 58,669 square meters will expire on May 23, 2057 and January 4, 2062, respectively.

Land use rights are being amortized annually using the straight-line method over a contract terms of 50 years. Estimated amortization for the coming years is as follows

	\$
Remaining 2013	71,441
2014	95,255
2015	95,255
2016	95,255
2017	<u>95,255</u>
2018 and thereafter	<u>3,921,595</u>
	<u><u>4,374,056</u></u>

The Company recorded amortization expenses of \$23,780 and \$19,686 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The land use right for land located in Huizhou City was pledged as collateral for bank loans as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

9. Intangible asset

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2013</u> <i>(Unaudited)</i>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2012</u>
	\$	\$
Cost		
Consumer battery license fee	1,000,000	1,000,000
Accumulated amortization	<u>(312,500)</u>	<u>(300,000)</u>
Net	<u><u>687,500</u></u>	<u><u>700,000</u></u>

The Company is amortizing the \$1,000,000 cost of the Consumer Battery License agreement over a period of 20 years on the straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the underlying technology, which is based on the Company's assessment of existing battery technology, current trends in the battery business, potential developments and improvements, and the Company's current business plan. Amortization expenses included in selling and distribution costs were \$12,500 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

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10. Other payables and accrued liabilities

	<i>March 31,</i> <i>2013</i>	<i>December 31,</i> <i>2012</i>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
Accrued expenses	3,500,147	3,197,899
Royalty payable	566,835	570,120
Sales deposits received	551,365	430,503
Other payables	720,799	287,396
	5,339,146	4,485,918

11. Taxation

The Company and its subsidiaries file tax returns separately.

1) VAT

Pursuant to the Provisional Regulation of the PRC on VAT and the related implementing rules, all entities and individuals ("taxpayers") that are engaged in the sale of products in the PRC are generally required to pay VAT at a rate of 17% of the gross sales proceeds received, less any deductible VAT already paid or borne by the taxpayers. Further, when exporting goods, the exporter is entitled to a portion of or all the refund of VAT that it has already paid or incurred. The Company's PRC subsidiaries are subject to VAT at 17% of their revenues.

2) Income tax

United States

Highpower was incorporated in Delaware and is subject to U.S. federal income tax with a system of graduated tax rates ranging from 15% to 35%. As Highpower does not conduct any business in the U.S. or Delaware, it is not subject to U.S. and Delaware state corporate income tax. No deferred U.S. taxes are recorded since all accumulated profits in the PRC will be permanently reinvested in the PRC.

Hong Kong

HKHTC incorporated in Hong Kong, is subject to a corporate income tax rate of 16.5%.

PRC

In accordance with the relevant tax laws and regulations of the PRC, a company registered in the PRC is subject to income taxes within the PRC at the applicable tax rate on the taxable income.

SZ Highpower has obtained the approval and is qualified as a New and High-Tech Enterprise ("NHTE") by the Shenzhen Tax Bureau and according to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law. It is eligible to enjoy a preferential tax rate of 15% for the calendar years 2013 and 2012. All the other PRC subsidiaries are not entitled to any tax holiday. They were subject to income tax at a rate of 25% for calendar years 2013 and 2012.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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11. Taxation (continued)

The components of the provision for income taxes are:

	<i>Three months ended</i>	
	<i>March 31,</i>	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>(Unaudited)</u>
	\$	\$
Current	159,923	95,848
Deferred	(111,704)	(42,523)
Total	<u>48,219</u>	<u>53,325</u>

The reconciliation of income taxes expenses computed at the statutory tax rate applicable to the Company to income tax expenses is as follows:

	<i>Three months ended</i>	
	<i>March 31,</i>	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>(Unaudited)</u>
	\$	\$
(Loss) income before tax	(590,197)	35,016
Provision for income taxes at applicable income tax rate	(156,621)	(25,328)
Effect of preferential tax rate	56,494	(63,577)
Non-deductible expenses	25,787	111,811
Change in valuation allowance	122,559	30,419
Effective enterprise income tax	<u>48,219</u>	<u>53,325</u>

3) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities reflect the tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and the tax bases used for income tax purpose. The following represents the tax effect of each major type of temporary difference.

	<u><i>March 31,</i></u>	<u><i>December 31,</i></u>
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>(Unaudited)</u>
	\$	\$
Tax loss carry-forward	2,296,755	2,025,888
Allowance for doubtful receivables	71,070	72,124
Allowance for inventory obsolescence	77,507	111,227
Fair value change of currency forwards	(16,062)	(11,372)
Difference for sales cut-off	48,310	49,364
Deferred Revenue	164,342	165,295
Total gross deferred tax assets	2,641,922	2,412,526
Valuation allowance	(1,771,213)	(1,649,572)
Total net deferred tax assets	<u>870,709</u>	<u>762,954</u>

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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12. Notes payable

Notes payable are presented to certain suppliers as a payment against the outstanding trade payables. These notes payable are bank guarantee promissory notes which are non-interest bearing and generally mature within six months. The outstanding bank guarantee promissory notes are secured by restricted cash deposited in banks. Outstanding notes payable were \$18,625,288 and \$26,397,200 as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

13. Short-term loans

	<i>March 31, 2013</i>	<i>December 31, 2012</i>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
Short- term bank loans guaranteed and repayable within one year ended March 31, 2014	23,992,952	20,478,604

As of March 31, 2013, the above bank borrowings were for working capital purposes and were secured by personal guarantees executed by certain directors of the Company and a land use right with a carrying amount \$3,066,406 pledged as collateral.

The loans were primarily obtained for general working capital. Carried interest rates range from 1.3% to 6.9% per annum.

14. Lines of credit

The Company entered into various credit contracts and revolving lines of credit, which were used for short-term loans and bank acceptance bills. The following tables summarize the unused lines of credit as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

Lender	March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)			
	Starting date	Maturity date	Line of credit	Unused line of credit
			\$	\$
Bank of China	1/25/2013	1/25/2014	3,191,116	121,262
Bank of China	1/10/2013	1/10/2014	11,168,906	4,569,678
Wing Lung Bank Ltd.	4/20/2012	4/19/2013	2,705,140	-
Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank	7/31/2012	6/7/2013	4,000,000	-
Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank	8/29/2012	8/29/2013	2,600,000	850,000
Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank	9/7/2012	9/6/2013	6,000,000	3,000,000
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China	7/26/2012	7/25/2015	6,382,232	2,249,099
China Citic Bank	3/29/2013	3/29/2014	7,180,011	7,180,011
Ping An Bank Co., Ltd	12/7/2012	11/21/2013	22,337,812	18,484,539
China Everbright Bank	8/1/2012	7/31/2013	7,977,790	7,977,790
China Resources Bank of Zhuhai	4/28/2012	4/28/2013	6,382,232	6,382,232
Total			79,925,239	50,814,611

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14. Lines of credit (continued)

Lender			December 31, 2012	
	Starting date	Maturity date	Line of credit	Unused line of credit
			\$	\$
Bank of China	1/13/ 2012	1/12/2013	8,024,008	457,047
Wing Lung Bank Ltd.	3/29/2012	3/28/2013	2,600,000	-
Wing Lung Bank Ltd.	4/20/2012	4/19/2013	2,709,398	-
Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank	7/31/2012	6/7/2013	4,000,000	-
Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank	8/29/2012	8/29/2013	2,600,000	850,000
Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank	9/7/2012	9/6/2013	6,000,000	3,000,000
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China	7/26/2012	7/25/2015	6,419,206	2,321,345
Ping An Bank Co., Ltd	12/7/2012	11/21/2013	22,467,222	13,645,467
China Everbright Bank	8/1/2012	7/31/2013	8,024,008	8,024,008
China Resources Bank Of Zhuhai	4/28/2012	4/28/2013	6,419,206	6,419,206
Total			69,263,048	34,717,073

The lines of credits from Bank of China, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, China Everbright Bank, Ping An Bank Co., Ltd, China Resources Bank of Zhuhai and China Citic Bank are guaranteed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Dang Yu Pan.

The line of credit from Wing Lung Bank Ltd and China Resources Bank of Zhuhai matured and terminated at April 19 and April 28, 2013, respectively.

Certain of the agreements governing the Company's loans include standard affirmative and negative covenants, including restrictions on granting additional pledges on the Company's property and incurring additional debt and obligations to provide advance notice of major corporate actions, and other covenants including: that the borrower may not serve as a guarantor for more than double its net assets; that the borrower is restricted in certain circumstances from using the loans in connection with related party transactions or other transactions with affiliates; that the borrower must provide monthly reports to certain lenders describing the actual use of loans; that the borrower may need to obtain approval to engage in major corporate transactions; and that the borrower may need to obtain approval to increase overseas investments, guarantee additional debt or incur additional debt by an amount which exceeds 20% of its total net assets should the lender determine that such action would have a material impact on the ability of the borrower to repay the loan. The covenants in these loan agreements could prohibit the Company from incurring any additional debt without consent from its lenders. The Company believes it would be able to obtain consents from the lenders in the event it needed to do so. The agreements governing the Company's loans may also include covenants that, in certain circumstances, may require the Company's PRC. operating subsidiaries to give notice to, or obtain consent from, certain of their lenders prior to making a distribution of net profit, as well as covenants restricting the ability of the Company's PRC. operating subsidiaries from extending loans. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all material covenants in its loan agreements.

15. Long-term loans

	<i>March 31,</i> <i>2013</i>	<i>December 31,</i> <i>2012</i>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
Long term loans from Bank of China	7,180,011	7,703,048
Less: current portion of long-term borrowings	1,914,670	1,925,762
Long- term bank loans, net of current portion	<u>5,265,341</u>	<u>5,777,286</u>

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15. Long-term loans (continued)

On January 13, 2012, the Company borrowed \$7,954,437 (RMB50 million) from Bank of China, which is guaranteed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Dang Yu Pan. It is a five-year long-term loan, with an annual interest rate equal to 110% of the benchmark-lending rate of the People's Bank of China ("PBOC"), which was 7.05% as of March 31, 2013. Interest expenses are to be paid quarterly.

The interest expenses were \$151,285 and \$19,973 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The principal is to be repaid quarterly from September 30, 2012. 2% of the principal was repaid on each of September 30, 2012 and December 30, 2012, respectively. Thereafter 6% of the principal is to be repaid every quarter after December 31, 2012 until the maturity date. The repayment schedule of the principal is summarized as in below table:

	\$
Remaining 2013	1,436,001
2014	1,914,670
2015	1,914,670
2016	1,914,670
	7,180,011

16. Share-based compensation expenses

2008 Omnibus Incentive Plan

The 2008 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2008 Plan") was approved by the Company's Board of Directors on October 30, 2008 and became effective upon the approval of the Company's stockholders on December 11, 2008. The 2008 Plan has a ten year term. The 2008 Plan reserves two million shares of common stock for issuance, subject to increase from time to time by the number of shares: (i) subject to outstanding awards granted under the Company's prior equity compensation plans that terminate without delivery of any stock (to the extent such shares would have been available for issuance under such prior plan), and (ii) subject to awards assumed or substituted in connection with the acquisition of another company.

The 2008 Plan authorizes the issuance of awards including stock options, restricted stock units (RSUs), restricted stock, unrestricted stock, stock appreciation rights (SARs) and other equity and/or cash performance incentive awards to employees, directors, and consultants of the Company. Subject to certain restrictions, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors has broad discretion to establish the terms and conditions for awards under the 2008 Plan, including the number of shares, vesting conditions and the required service or performance criteria. Options and SARs have a contractual term of up to ten years and generally vest over three to five years with an exercise price equal to the fair market value on the date of grant. Incentive stock options (ISOs) granted must have an exercise price below or comparable to the fair market value on the date of grant. Repricing of stock options and SARs is permitted without stockholder approval. Certain change in control transactions may cause awards granted under the 2008 Plan to vest, unless the awards are continued or substituted for in connection with the transaction. At March 31, 2013, approximately 1,303,000 shares of our common stock remained available for issuance pursuant to awards granted under the 2008 Plan.

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16. Share-based compensation expenses (continued)
Share-based compensation related to employees

	<u>Number of Share</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Remaining Contractual Term in Years</u>
Outstanding, January 1, 2013	665,000	\$ 2.81	8.35
Granted	-	-	
Exercised	-	-	
Forfeited	-	-	
<hr/>			
Outstanding, March 31, 2013	<u>665,000</u>	<u>2.81</u>	<u>8.11</u>
Exercisable, March 31, 2013	265,000	3.03	8.01
Vested and expected to vest, March 31, 2013	<u>661,112</u>	<u>2.76</u>	<u>8.13</u>

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16. Share-based compensation expenses (continued)

Share-based compensation related to employees (continued)

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Company did not grant any new options to employees and no options were forfeited. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Company granted 100,000 options to one employee at an exercise price of \$1.15 per share and a total of 65,000 options were forfeited in accordance with the terms and conditions of the 2008 Plan.

The weighted-average fair value of options granted to employees for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$0.74 per share as calculated using the Black Scholes pricing model, with the following weighted-average assumptions. No options were granted for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2013	2012
Expected volatility	-	71.78%
Risk-free interest rate	-	1.09%
Expected term from grant date (in years)	-	6.25
Dividend rate	-	-
Forfeiture rate	-	4.86%
Fair value	-	\$ 0.74

The estimated fair value of share-based compensation to employees is recognized as a charge against income on a ratable basis over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period of the award.

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16. Share-based compensation expenses (continued)

Total share-based payment expenses

No share-based compensation expense was capitalized in the periods presented. As of March 31, 2013 the gross amount of unrecognized share-based compensation expense relating to unvested share-based awards held by employees was approximately \$0.4 million, which the Company anticipates recognizing as a charge against income over a weighted average period of 1.75 years.

In connection with the grant of stock options to employees and nonemployees, the Company recorded stock-based compensation charges of \$48,537 and \$502, respectively, for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013 and stock-based compensation charges of \$40,801 and \$272, respectively, for the three-month period ended March 31, 2012.

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16. Share-based compensation expenses (continued)

Expected Term

The expected term of stock options represents the weighted-average period that the stock options are expected to remain outstanding. There have been no stock option exercises to date upon which to base an estimate of the expected term. The Company determined it appropriate to estimate the expected term using the "simplified" method as prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107, or SAB 107, as amended by SAB 110. The simplified method determines an expected term based on the average of the weighted average vesting term and the contractual term of the option.

Expected Volatility

The expected volatilities used for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 are based upon the volatilities of a peer group of comparable publicly traded companies. This peer group was selected by the Company using criteria including similar industry, similar stage of development and comparable market capitalization.

Risk-Free Interest Rate

The risk-free interest rate assumption is based on U.S. Treasury instruments with a term consistent with the expected term of the Company's stock options.

Dividend Yield

The Company has never declared or paid any cash dividends and does not plan to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future, and therefore, used an expected dividend yield of zero in the valuation model.

Forfeitures

The Company estimates forfeitures at the time of grant and revises the estimates in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from what was estimated. The Company uses historical data to estimate pre-vesting option forfeitures and records stock-based compensation expense only for those awards that are expected to vest. All stock-based payment awards are amortized on a ratable basis over the requisite service periods of the awards, which are generally the vesting periods. The Company records stock-based compensation expense only for those awards that are expected to vest.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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17. Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-averages number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period increased to include the number of additional shares of common stock outstanding that would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive securities had been issued. Potentially dilutive securities include outstanding stock options, warrants and restricted shares. The dilutive effect of potential dilutive securities is reflected in diluted earnings per common share by application of the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, an increase in the fair market value of the Company's common stock can result in a greater dilutive effect from potentially dilutive securities. The Company excludes potential shares of common stock in the diluted EPS computation in periods of losses from continuing operations, as their effect would be anti-dilutive.

The following tables set forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

	<i>Three months ended March 31,</i>	
	<i>2013</i>	<i>2012</i>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>
	\$	\$
Numerator:		
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	(608,880)	3,185
Denominator:		
Weighted-average shares outstanding		
- Basic and diluted	13,582,106	13,582,106
Earnings (loss) per common share		
- Basic and diluted	(0.04)	-

Diluted earnings per share takes into account the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised and converted into common stock. 680,000 shares of underlying stock options and 47,500 shares of underlying warrants were not included in the fully diluted computation for the current period because of net loss sustained for the period.

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18. Share warrants

On September 19, 2008, the Company issued to WestPark Capital warrants to purchase 52,500 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.90 per share in connection with the initial public offering. The warrants have a term of five years and are exercisable no sooner than one year and no later than five years from the issuance date.

The fair value of the warrants at September 19, 2008, the issuance date was \$276,000. All warrants were evaluated for liability treatment and were determined to be equity instruments.

On December 16, 2009, a warrant holder exercised 5,000 shares of the warrants via a cashless exercise. The Company issued 2,510 shares of common stock upon the exercise of the warrants at no consideration. At March 31, 2013, warrants to purchase 47,500 shares of common stock were still outstanding.

19. Defined contribution plan

Full-time employees of the Company in the PRC participate in a government mandated defined contribution plan, pursuant to which certain pension benefits, medical care, employee housing fund and other welfare benefits are provided to employees. Chinese labor regulations require that the PRC operating subsidiaries of the Company make contributions to the government for these benefits based on certain percentages of the employees' salaries. Except for pension benefits, medical care, employee housing fund and other welfare benefits mentioned above, the Company has no legal obligation for the benefits beyond the contributions made.

The total amounts for such employee benefits, which were expensed as incurred, were \$370,331 and \$226,042 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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20. Commitments and contingencies

Operating leases commitments

The Company leases factory and office premises under various non-cancelable operating lease agreements that expire at various dates through years 2013 to 2016, with an option to renew the lease. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis. None of the leases includes contingent rentals. Minimum future commitments under these agreements payable as of March 31, 2013 are as follows:

	\$
2013	928,499
2014	980,100
2015	913,283
2016	858,263
	<u>3,680,145</u>

Rent expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 were \$328,899 and \$310,246 respectively.

Capital commitments and contingency

The Company had contracted capital commitments of \$542,720 and \$791,934, for the construction of the Ganzhou plant as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Stated in US Dollars)

21. Segment information

The Company uses the "management approach" in determining reportable operating segments. The management approach considers the internal organization and reporting used by the Company's chief operating decision maker for making operating decisions and assessing performance as the source for determining the Company's reportable segments. Management, including the chief operating decision maker, reviews operating results solely by monthly revenue (but not by sub-product type or geographic area) and operating results of the Company and, as such, the Company has determined that the Company has one operating segment as defined by FASB Accounting Standard Codification Topic 280 (ASC 280) "Segment Reporting".

All long-lived assets of the Company are located in the PRC. Geographic information about the revenues and accounts based on the location of the Company's customers is set out as follows:

	<i>Three months ended March 31,</i>	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>
	\$	\$
<i>Net revenue</i>		
China (including Hong Kong)	10,882,035	12,819,940
Asia, others	3,433,989	1,119,080
Europe	7,402,042	4,346,460
North America	2,419,950	2,296,803
South America	165,008	-
Africa	43,422	20,500
Others	52,926	-
	<u>24,399,372</u>	<u>20,602,783</u>
	<u>March 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
	\$	\$
<i>Accounts receivable</i>		
China (including Hong Kong)	13,663,180	15,575,555
Asia, others	2,776,064	2,435,129
Europe	5,894,439	5,537,976
North America	211,677	1,632,644
South America	38,159	97,097
Africa	21,642	35,164
Others	2,761	10,334
	<u>22,607,922</u>	<u>25,323,899</u>

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion relates to the financial condition and results of operations of Highpower International, Inc. (the “Company”) and its wholly-owned subsidiary Hong Kong Highpower Technology Company Limited (“HKHTC”), HKHTC’s wholly-owned subsidiaries Shenzhen Highpower Technology Company Limited (“SZ Highpower”), Icon Energy System Company Limited (“ICON”) and Huizhou Energy Technology (Huizhou) Co. (“HZ Highpower”) which has not yet commenced operations. SZ Highpower’s wholly owned subsidiary Huizhou Highpower Technology Company Limited (“HZ HTC”) and its 60%-owned subsidiary Ganzhou Highpower Technology Company Limited (“GZ Highpower”) and SZ Highpower’s and HKHTC’s jointly owned subsidiary, Springpower Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited (“SZ Springpower”).

Forward-Looking Statements

This management’s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated financial statements and the related notes that are included in this Quarterly Report and the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012(the “Annual Report”).

This report contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. All statements other than historical facts contained in this report, including statements regarding our future financial position, results of operations, cash flows, business strategy and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words “anticipates,” “believes,” “expects,” “plans,” “intends,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “projects,” “predicts,” “could,” “should,” “would,” “will,” “may,” “might,” and similar expressions, or the negative of such expressions, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect management’s current views with respect to future events and financial performance and involve risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, the current economic downturn and uncertainty in the European economy adversely affecting demand for our products; fluctuations in the cost of raw materials; our dependence on, or inability to attract additional, major customers for a significant portion of our net sales; our ability to increase manufacturing capabilities to satisfy orders from new customers; our ability to maintain increased margins; changes in the laws of the PRC that affect our operations; our ability to complete construction of and to begin manufacturing operations at our new manufacturing facilities on time; our ability to control operating expenses and costs related to the construction of our new manufacturing facilities; the devaluation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Renminbi; our dependence on the growth in demand for portable electronic devices and the success of manufacturers of the end applications that use our battery products; our responsiveness to competitive market conditions; our ability to successfully manufacture our products in the time frame and amounts expected; the market acceptance of our battery products, including our lithium products; our ability to successfully develop products for and penetrate the electric transportation market; our ability to continue R&D development to keep up with technological changes; our exposure to product liability, safety, and defect claims; rising labor costs, volatile metal prices, and inflation; changes in foreign, political, social, business and economic conditions that affect our production capabilities or demand for our products; and various other matters, many of which are beyond our control. Actual results may vary materially and adversely from those anticipated, believed, estimated or otherwise indicated should one or more of these risks or uncertainties occur or if any of the risks or uncertainties described elsewhere in this report or in the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report occur. Consequently, all of the forward-looking statements made in this filing are qualified by these cautionary statements and there can be no assurance of the actual results or developments.

Overview

Highpower was incorporated in the state of Delaware on January 3, 2006 and was originally organized as a “blank check” shell company to investigate and acquire a target company or business seeking the perceived advantages of being a publicly held corporation. On November 2, 2007, we closed a share exchange transaction, pursuant to which we (i) became the 100% parent of HKHTC and its wholly-owned subsidiary, SZ Highpower, (ii) assumed the operations of HKHTC and its subsidiary and (iii) changed our name to Hong Kong Highpower Technology, Inc. We subsequently changed our name to Highpower International, Inc. in October 2010.

HKHTC was incorporated in Hong Kong in 2003 under the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong. HKHTC formed HZ Highpower and SZ Springpower in 2008. HZ Highpower has not yet commenced business operations as of May 10, 2013. In February 2011, HKHTC formed another wholly-owned subsidiary, Icon Energy System Company Limited, a company organized under the laws of the PRC., which commenced operations in July 2011.

SZ Highpower was founded in 2001 in the PRC. SZ Highpower formed GZ Highpower in September 2010. On February 8, 2012, GZ Highpower increased its paid-in capital from RMB2,000,000 (\$293,574) to RMB15,000,000 (\$2,381,293). SZ Highpower holds 60% of the equity interest of GZ Highpower, and the four founding management members of GZ Highpower hold the remaining 40%. SZ Highpower formed HZ HTC in March 2012, which engages in the manufacture of batteries.

Through SZ Highpower, we manufacture Nickel Metal Hydride (“Ni-MH”) batteries for both consumer and industrial applications. We have developed significant expertise in Ni-MH battery technology and large-scale manufacturing that enables us to improve the quality of our battery products, reduce costs, and keep pace with evolving industry standards. In 2008, we commenced manufacturing two lines of Lithium-Ion (“Li-ion”) and Lithium polymer rechargeable batteries through SZ Springpower for higher-end, high-performance applications, such as laptops, digital cameras and wireless communication products. Our automated machinery allows us to process key aspects of the manufacturing process to ensure high uniformity and precision, while leaving the non-key aspects of the manufacturing process to manual labor.

We employ a broad network of sales staff in China and Hong Kong, which target key customers by arranging in-person sales presentations and providing post-sale services. The sales staff works with our customers to better address customers’ needs.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) defines critical accounting policies as those that are, in management's view, most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and those that require significant judgments and estimates.

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of our financial statements. We base our estimates on historical experience, actuarial valuations and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Some of those judgments can be subjective and complex and, consequently, actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. While for any given estimate or assumption made by our management there may be other estimates or assumptions that are reasonable, we believe that, given the current facts and circumstances, it is unlikely that applying any such other reasonable estimate or assumption would materially impact the financial statements. The accounting principles we utilized in preparing our consolidated financial statements conform in all material respects to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include revenues; the allowance for doubtful receivables; recoverability of the carrying amount of inventory; fair values of financial instruments; and the assessment of deferred tax assets or liabilities. These estimates are often based on complex judgments and assumptions that management believes to be reasonable but are inherently uncertain and unpredictable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Accounts Receivable. Accounts receivable are stated at original amount less allowance made for doubtful receivables, if any, based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the period end. An allowance is also made when there is objective evidence that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to original terms of receivables. Bad debts are written off when identified. The Company extends unsecured credit to customers in the normal course of business and believes all accounts receivable in excess of the allowances for doubtful receivables to be fully collectible. The Company does not accrue interest on trade accounts receivable.

Revenue Recognition. The Company recognizes revenue when all of the following exist: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered; (3) price to the buyer is fixed or determinable; and (4) collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company does not have arrangements for returns from customers and does not have any future obligations directly or indirectly related to product resale by the customer. We have no incentive programs.

Inventories. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Costs are determined on a weighted-average method. Inventory includes raw materials, packing materials, work-in-process, consumables and finished goods. The variable production overhead is allocated to each unit of production on the basis of the actual use of the production facilities. The allocation of fixed production overhead to the costs of conversion is based on the normal capacity of the production facilities.

Income Taxes. The Company recognizes deferred asset and liability for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each period end based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates, applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

Foreign Currency Translation and Transactions. Highpower International's functional currency is the United States dollar ("US\$"). HKHTC's functional currency is the Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"). The functional currency of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC is the Renminbi ("RMB").

At the date a foreign currency transaction is recognized, each asset, liability, revenue, expense, gain, or loss arising from the transaction is measured initially in the functional currency of the recording entity by use of the exchange rate in effect at that date. The increase or decrease in expected functional currency cash flows upon settlement of a transaction resulting from a change in exchange rates between the functional currency and the currency in which the transaction is denominated is recognized as foreign currency transaction gain or loss that is included in determining net income for the period in which the exchange rate changes. At each balance sheet date, recorded balances that are denominated in a foreign currency are adjusted to reflect the current exchange rate.

The Company's reporting currency is US\$. Assets and liabilities of HKHTC and the PRC subsidiaries are translated at the current exchange rate at the balance sheet dates, revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates during the reporting periods, and equity accounts are translated at historical rates. Translation adjustments are reported in other comprehensive income.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2013 were \$24.4 million compared to \$20.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, an increase of \$3.8 million, or 18.4%. The increase was due to a \$3.9 million increase in net sales of our lithium batteries (resulting from a 54.2% increase in the volume of batteries sold and an 11.3% increase in the average selling price of such batteries) and a \$161,126 increase in net sales of our Ni-MH batteries (resulting from a 12.1% increase in the number of Ni-MH battery units sold which was partially offset by a 9.8% decrease in the average selling price of such batteries), which was partly offset by a \$227,813 decrease in revenue from our new materials business. This decrease in revenues from our new materials business was due to our strategic shift away from our new materials trading business to prepare for our new business processing such materials at our Ganzhou facility. The increase in the number of both Ni-MH and lithium battery units sold in the three months ended March 31, 2013 was primarily attributable to increased orders from new and existing customers.

Cost of sales mainly consists of nickel, cobalt, lithium derived materials, labor, and overhead. Costs of sales were \$19.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, as compared to \$16.9 million for the comparable period in 2012. As a percentage of net sales, cost of sales decreased to 80.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to 82.2% for the comparable period in 2012. This decrease was attributable to decreases of raw material prices from the comparable period in 2012.

Gross profit for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was \$4.8 million, or 19.5% of net sales, compared to \$3.7 million, or 17.8% net sales for the comparable period in 2012. Management considers gross profit margin a key performance indicator in managing our business. Gross profit margins are usually a factor of cost of sales, product mix and demand for product. This increase was attributable to decreases of raw material prices from the comparable period in 2012.

To cope with pressure on our gross margins we control production costs by preparing budgets for each department and comparing actual costs with our budgeted figures monthly and quarterly. Additionally, we have reorganized the Company's production structure and have focused more attention on employee training to enhance efficiency. We also intend to expand our market share by investing in greater promotion of our products in regions such as the U.S., Russia, Europe and India, and by expanding our sales team with more experienced sales personnel. We have also begun production capacity expansion for our lithium batteries business as to take advantage of the strong demand globally.

Research and development expenses were approximately \$1.1 million, or 4.5% of net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2013 as compared to approximately \$884,346, or 4.3% of net sales for the comparable period in 2012, an increase of 24.7%. The increase was due to the expansion of our workforce to expand our research and development and management functions.

Selling and distribution expenses were \$1.4 million, or 5.7% of net sales, for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$1.2 million for the comparable period in 2012, or 5.8% of net sales, an increase of 16.4%. Selling and distribution expenses increased due to the expansion of our sales force and marketing activities, such as participation in industry trade shows and international travels to promote and sell our products abroad.

General and administrative expenses were \$2.8 million, or 11.5% of net sales, for the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared to \$2.0 million, or 9.8% of net sales, for the comparable period in 2012. The increase was mainly due to the expansion of our workforce.

We experienced loss on the exchange rate difference between the U.S. Dollar and the RMB of approximately \$39,947 and \$31,330, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012. The difference in exchange rate loss was due to the appreciation of the RMB relative to the U.S. Dollar over the respective periods.

We experienced a gain on derivative instruments of approximately \$109,948 in the three months ended March 31, 2013, which included a gain of \$240,794 on settled currency forwards and a loss of \$130,846 on unsettled currency forwards, as compared to a gain of \$337,103 for the comparable period in 2012, which included a gain of \$50,889 on settled currency forwards and a gain of \$286,214 on unsettled currency forwards.

Interest expenses were \$336,266 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, as compared to approximately \$12,318 for the comparable period in 2012. The fluctuation was due to a \$127,019 increase in interest expense related to an increase in bank borrowing, and a \$196,929 decrease in capitalized interest expenses. The decrease in capitalized interest expenses was due to completion of the construction of the Huizhou facilities. Further increases in borrowing rates would further increase our interest expense, which would have a negative effect on our results of operations.

Other income, which consists of bank interest income, government grants and sundry income, was approximately \$216,149 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, as compared to approximately \$167,033 for the three months ended March 31, 2012, an increase of 29.4%. The increase was due to an increase in bank interest income.

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, we recorded a provision for income tax expense of \$48,219, as compared to income tax expense of \$53,325 for the comparable period in 2012. The decrease was due to the net loss during the three months ended March 31, 2013.

Net Loss attributable to the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was \$608,880, compared to net income attributable to the Company of \$3,185 for the comparable period in 2012.

Foreign Currency and Exchange Risk

Though the reporting currency is the US\$, the Company maintains its financial records in the functional currency of Renminbi (“RMB”). Substantially all of our operations are conducted in the PRC and we pay the majority of our expenses in RMB. Approximately 60% of our sales are made in U.S. Dollars. During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the exchange rate of the RMB to the U.S. Dollar appreciated 0.4% from the level at the end of December 31, 2012. Future appreciation of the RMB against the U.S. Dollar would increase our costs when translated into U.S. Dollars and could adversely affect our margins unless we make sufficient offsetting sales. Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is regulated by the People’s Bank of China through a unified floating exchange rate system. Although the PRC government has stated its intention to support the value of the RMB, there can be no assurance that such exchange rate will not continue to appreciate significantly against the U.S. Dollar. Exchange rate fluctuations may also affect the value, in U.S. Dollar terms, of our net assets. In addition, the RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currency and all foreign exchange transactions must take place through authorized institutions. Due to the volatility of the US Dollar to our functional currency the Company put into place in 2008 a hedging program to attempt to protect it from significant changes to the US Dollar which affects the value of its US dollar receivables and sales. As of March 31, 2013, the Company had a series of currency forwards totaling a notional amount of \$9.5 million expiring from April 2013 to November 2013. The terms of these derivative contracts are generally for 24 months or less. Changes in the fair value of these derivative contracts are recorded in earnings to offset the impact of loss on derivative instruments. The net gains of \$109,948 and \$337,103 attributable to these activities are included in “gain of derivative instruments” for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$4.7 million as of March 31, 2013, as compared to \$6.6 million as of December 31, 2012. Our funds are kept in financial institutions located in the PRC, which do not provide insurance for amounts on deposit. Moreover, we are subject to the regulations of the PRC which restrict the transfer of cash from the PRC, except under certain specific circumstances. Accordingly, such funds may not be readily available to us to satisfy obligations incurred outside the PRC.

To provide liquidity and flexibility in funding our operations, we borrow amounts under bank facilities and other external sources of financing. As of March 31, 2013, we had in place general banking facilities with eight financial institutions aggregating \$79.9 million. The maturity of these facilities is generally less than one year. The facilities are subject to regular review and approval. Certain of these banking facilities are guaranteed by our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Dang Yu Pan, and contain customary affirmative and negative covenants for secured credit facilities of this type. However, these covenants do not have any impact on our ability to undertake additional debt or equity financing. Interest rates are generally based on the banks’ reference lending rates. No significant commitment fees are required to be paid for the banking facilities. As of March 31, 2013, we had utilized approximately \$29.1 million under such general credit facilities and had available unused credit facilities of \$50.8 million.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$4.5 million, as compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$2.1 million for the comparable period in 2012. The net cash increase of \$2.4 million provided by operating activities is primarily attributable to, among other items, an increase of \$408,322 in cash inflow from accounts receivable, an increase of \$4.6 million in accounts payable, an increase of \$218,926 in other payables and accrued liabilities, which was significantly offset by a decrease of approximately \$1.5 million in prepayment. The cash outflow increase in accounts payable was due to the maturity of our accounts payable obligations.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$4.9 million for the comparable period in 2012. The net decrease of \$1.9 million cash used in investing activities was primarily attributable to a decrease in the acquisition of the land use right in Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$3.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013, as compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$13.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The net decrease of \$16.8 million in net cash provided by financing activities for the first three months of 2013 was primarily attributable to an increase of \$5.8 million in repayment of short-term bank loans, an increase of \$477,981 in repayment of long-term bank loans, an increase of \$7.4 million in repayment of notes payable, a decrease of \$7.9 million in proceeds from long-term bank loans, a decrease of \$951,113 in proceeds from non-controlling interest, which was partly offset by an increase of \$6.2 million in proceeds from short-term bank loans and a decrease of \$2.5 million in restricted cash. The significant decrease was mainly due to the repayment of notes payable to meet maturity dates and no new borrowings of long term bank loans in 1st quarter of 2012.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, our inventory turnover was 4.8 times and 5.1 times, respectively. The average days outstanding of our accounts receivable at March 31, 2013 was 88 days, as compared to 88 days at March 31, 2012. Inventory turnover and average days outstanding are key operating measures that management relies on to monitor our business. In the next 12 months, we expect to expand our research, development and manufacturing of lithium-based batteries and anticipate additional capital expenditures.

We are required to contribute a portion of our employees' total salaries to the Chinese government's social insurance funds, including medical insurance, unemployment insurance and job injuries insurance, and a housing assistance fund, in accordance with relevant regulations. Total contributions to the funds were approximately \$370,331 and \$226,042 in the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. We expect the amount of our contribution to the government's social insurance funds to increase in the future as we expand our workforce and operations.

Based upon our present plans, we believe that cash on hand, cash flow from operations and funds available under our bank facilities will be sufficient to meet our capital needs for the next 12 months. However, our ability to maintain sufficient liquidity depends partially on our ability to achieve anticipated levels of revenue, while continuing to control costs. If we did not have sufficient available cash, we would have to seek additional debt or equity financing through other external sources, which may not be available on acceptable terms, or at all. Failure to maintain financing arrangements on acceptable terms would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

The use of working capital is primarily for the maintenance of our accounts receivable and inventory. We provide our major customers with payment terms ranging from 10 to 90 days. Additionally, our production lead time is approximately 30 to 40 days, from the inspection of incoming materials, to production, testing and packaging. We need to keep a large supply of raw materials, work-in-process and finished goods inventory on hand to ensure timely delivery of our products to customers. We use two methods to support our working capital needs: (i) paying our suppliers under payment terms ranging from 30 to 90 days; and (ii) using short-term bank loans. Upon receiving payment for our accounts receivable, we pay our short-term loans. Our working capital management practices are designed to ensure that we maintain sufficient working capital.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

As of May 12, 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2012-01 through ASU 2013-07, which are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Not required for a smaller reporting company.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures", which are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, or CEO, and Chief Financial Officer, or CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on an evaluation carried out as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our CEO and CFO, who have concluded that, our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective as of March 31, 2013.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Based on the evaluation of our management as required by paragraph (d) of Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our quarter ended March 31, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Any investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. Investors should carefully consider the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on April 2, 2013 and all of the information contained in our public filings before deciding whether to purchase our common stock. Other than as set forth below, there have been no material revisions to the "Risk Factors" as set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on April 2, 2012.

Item 2. Unregistered Sale of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Default Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Loan Agreement Between SZ Highpower and China CITIC Bank, Shenzhen branch

On March 29, 2013, SZ Highpower entered into a comprehensive credit line agreement with China CITIC Bank, Shenzhen Branch, which provides for a line of credit of up to RMB45,000,000. SZ Highpower may drawdown the loan, from time to time as needed, but must make a specific drawdown application on or before March 29, 2014, after which time the bank may cancel all or part of the facilities. The interest rate charged on the loan is variable based on the specific credit line contract. SZ Highpower must obtain the prior written consent of the bank for certain transactions, including mergers, divestitures, reductions of capital, changes in ownership, transfers of a significant amount of assets or liabilities, an increase in debt financing or other actions that may adversely affect the bank's rights under the agreement. The loan is guaranteed by our Chief Executive Officer, Dang Yu Pan.

The following constitute events of default under the loan agreement: SZ Highpower's violation or intention to violate the terms of the agreement or any other agreements executed between SZ Highpower and the bank regarding the application of a specific line of credit; SZ Highpower's failure to perform any of its obligation under the agreement; any statement made by SZ Highpower in the agreement turns out to be untrue, misleading, or incomplete; SZ Highpower's failure or indication that it is unable to repay the debt according to agreement; a significant organizational change in SZ Highpower (including, but not limited to, a merger, disposal of major assets, capital reduction, liquidation, bankruptcy or dissolution); SZ Highpower's change of address, scope of operations, legal representative or significant investment in a third party that may severely affect the bank's ability to collect on the loan; SZ Highpower's experiencing a severe financial downturn, loss of assets, or other financial crisis which might affect the bank's ability to collect on the loan; SZ Highpower's change in the use of the loan proceeds without the prior consent of the bank; the occurrence of a financial crisis on SZ Highpower's controlling stockholder and the related parties with which SZ Highpower has a strong business connection; a severe downturn in SZ Highpower's industry; any involvement by SZ Highpower's senior management in significant corruption which the bank believes might affect its ability to collect on the loan; SZ Highpower's breach of other covenants under other agreements; any guarantor's breach of any covenants; any seizure, foreclosure or dispute of ownership of any collateral for the agreement; or any other circumstance affecting SZ Highpower that may affect the bank's ability to collect on the loan.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the bank may: adjust, cancel or suspend the comprehensive contract or adjust the effective period for the contract; terminate the unused portion of the credit line and announce the debt outstanding under the agreement immediately due and payable; require additional guarantee to ensure the bank's rights; require the guarantors to repay the debt; or hold SZ Highpower's deposit account in the bank in custody for repayment of amounts outstanding under the agreement and specific credit lines under the agreement.

Loan Agreement Between HKHTC and Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited

On March 14, 2013, *HKHTC* entered into a term loan banking facility with Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited ("ICBC Macau"), which provides for a term loan of up to \$3,000,000. *HKHTC* may withdraw the loan in one lump sum on or before September 19, 2013. The term loan is non-revolving. Prepayment of the full amount due under the facility is permitted upon 30 days' notice to ICBC Macau and any amount repaid may not be re-borrowed without the prior written consent of the bank. The loan is guaranteed by a commitment letter issued by Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Shenzhen Branch in favor of ICBC Macau. The maturity date of the loan is the earlier of 12 months after the drawdown date of the loan or 2 months before the expiration of the commitment letter. The interest rate charged on the loans is 1.5% per annum. All principal and accrued interest are due upon the final maturity date. The funds from the loan are prohibited from being transferred back to mainland China (excluding Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau) directly or in directly for the purpose of lending, equity investment or security investment.

All due payments (including principal, interest, overdue interest, expenses, and taxes) are to be debited from *HKHTC*'s current account and/or to any other accounts maintained and/or opened and/or to be opened in ICBC Macau, irrespective of whether account or accounts have a credit balance.

Loan Contract Between SZ Springpower and Bank of China, Buji Sub-Branch

On January 25, 2013, *SZ Springpower* entered into a comprehensive credit line agreement with Bank of China, Buji Sub-Branch, which provides for a line of credit of up to RMB20,000,000, consisting of RMB10,000,000 in loans and RMB10,000,000 in bank acceptances. *SZ Springpower* may withdraw the loan, from time to time as needed, but must make specific drawdown application on and before January 25, 2014, after which time the bank may cancel all or part of the facilities. The loan is guaranteed by our Chief Executive Officer, Dang Yu Pan.

The following constitute events of default under the loan agreement: *SZ Springpower*'s failure to comply with repayment obligations under the agreement or any affiliated credit lines; *SZ Springpower*'s failure to use borrowed funds according to the specified purposes; any statement made by *SZ Springpower* in the agreement turns out to be untrue or in violation of any commitments in the loan agreement or affiliated loan contracts; *SZ Springpower*'s failure to provide an additional guarantor as required by the loan agreement; *SZ Springpower*'s experiencing significant business difficulties or risks, deteriorated financial losses or losses of assets, or other financial crisis; *SZ Springpower*'s being in violation of other rights and obligations under the agreement; *SZ Springpower*'s breach of covenants in other credit agreements with the bank or affiliated institutions of the bank; or any guarantor's breach of covenants in other credit agreements with the bank or affiliated institutions of the bank.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the bank may: request *SZ Springpower* or any guarantor to rectify the event of default within a specified time period; reduce, temporarily suspend or permanently terminate *SZ Springpower*'s credit limit in whole or in part; temporarily suspend or permanently terminate in part or in whole *SZ Springpower*'s application for specific credit line under the agreement; announce the immediate expiration of all the credit lines granted under the agreement and affiliated specific credit line contracts; terminate or release the agreement, terminate or release in part or in whole any of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts executed between *SZ Springpower* and the bank; request compensation from *SZ Springpower* on the losses thereafter caused; hold *SZ Springpower*'s deposit account at the bank in custody for repayment of amounts due under the agreement; request repayment from a guarantor; or take any other procedures deemed necessary by the bank.

Loan Agreement Between SZ Highpower and Bank of China, Buji Sub-Branch

On January 10, 2013, SZ Highpower entered into a comprehensive credit line agreement with Bank of China, Buji Sub-Branch, which provides for a line of credit of up to RMB70,000,000, consisting of RMB40,000,000 in loans and RMB30,000,000 in bank acceptances. SZ Highpower may withdraw the loan, from time to time as needed, but must make a specific drawdown application. The term of the loan will be 12 months from the date of the first drawdown. The interest rate charged on the loan is variable on specific credit line contract. The loan is guaranteed by our Chief Executive Officer, Dang Yu Pan.

The following constitute events of default under the loan agreement: SZ Highpower's failure to comply with repayment obligations under the agreement or any affiliated credit lines; SZ Highpower's failure to use borrowed funds according to the specified purposes; any statement made by SZ Highpower in the agreement turns out to be untrue or in violation of any commitments in the loan agreement or affiliated loan contracts; SZ Highpower's failure to provide an additional guarantor as required by the loan agreement; SZ Highpower's experiencing significant business difficulties or risks, deteriorated financial losses or losses of assets, or other financial crisis; SZ Highpower's being in violation of other rights and obligations under the agreement; SZ Highpower's breach of covenants in other credit agreements with the bank or affiliated institutions of the bank; or any guarantor's breach of covenants in other credit agreements with the bank or affiliated institutions of the bank.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the bank may: request SZ Highpower or any guarantor to rectify the event of default within a specified time period; reduce, temporarily suspend or permanently terminate SZ Highpower's credit limit in whole or in part; temporarily suspend or permanently terminate in part or in whole SZ Highpower's application for specific credit line under the agreement; announce the immediate expiration of all the credit lines granted under the agreement and affiliated specific credit line contracts; terminate or release the agreement, terminate or release in part or in whole any of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts executed between SZ Highpower and the bank; request compensation from SZ Highpower on the losses thereafter caused; hold SZ Highpower's deposit account at the bank in custody for repayment of amounts due under the agreement; request repayment from a guarantor; or take any other procedures deemed necessary by the bank.

The information set forth above is included herewith for the purpose of providing the disclosure required under "Item 1.01-Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement" and "Item 2.03-Creation of a Direct Financial Obligation or an Obligation Under an Off-Balance Sheet Arrangement" of Form 8-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Document
10.1	Comprehensive Credit Line Contract dated March 29, 2013 by and between China CITIC Bank Shenzhen Branch and Shenzhen Highpower Technology Company Limited and corresponding guarantee agreements (translated to English).
10.2	Comprehensive Credit Line Contract dated January 10, 2013 by and between Bank of China Buji Sub-Branch and Shenzhen Highpower Technology Company Limited and corresponding guarantee and pledge agreements (translated to English).
10.3	Comprehensive Credit Line Contract dated January 25, 2013 by and between Bank of China Buji Sub-Branch and Springpower Technology Company Limited and corresponding guarantee and pledge agreements (translated to English).
10.4	Credit Contract contract dated March 14, 2013 by and between Industrial and Commercial Bank of China(Macau) Limited and HongKong Highpower Technology Company Limited
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

This exhibit shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, whether made before or after the date hereof and irrespective of any general incorporation language in any filings.

HIGHPOWER INTERNATIONAL, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Highpower International, Inc.

Dated: May 13, 2013

By: /s/ Dang Yu Pan
 Dang Yu Pan
Its: Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer and duly authorized officer)

By: /s/ Henry Sun
 Henry Sun
Its: Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)

Reference number: 2013shenyinhengzongzi No.006

Comprehensive Credit Line Contract

China CITIC Bank
Shenzhen Branch

Filling Instruction

1. Fill with blue or black ink
 2. Be careful of the completeness, clearness, tidiness
 3. Block capital was required in currency mark
 4. Elide the redundancy space, or put the words as "The following was intentionally leave blank" for payment and repayment schedule, state"/" for empty space in any other section
-

Comprehensive Credit Line Contract

Borrower: Shenzhen Highpower Technology Co, Ltd. ("Party A")
Address: Building A2, Luoshan Industrial Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen
Postal Code: 518000
Phone number: 0755 8968 6802
Facsimile: 0755 8968 6819
Legal representative: Dangyu Pan
Deposit A/C and financial institutions: China CITIC Bank, Shenzhen Henggang Branch,

Party B: China CITIC Bank, Shenzhen Branch
Address: Phase II North Times Square Excellence, Zhongxinsan Road, Futian Shenzhen
Postal Code: 518031
Office number: 0755 2594 1266
Fax:
Person in charge: Li Songyu

Spot: Shenzhen
Date: 29th Mar 2013

The parties agree as follow.

Clause 1 Definition

Unless otherwise stated, the terminologies below are defined as:

"Comprehensive Credit Line" – Provided by Party B to Party A with regard to a series of credit products, including but not limited to working capital loans, bank acceptance, bills discount, Letter of Credit, packed loans, inward bills, outward bills, bank guarantee as well as other products agreed by Party B.

"Comprehensive Credit Limit" - The upper credit limit provided by Party B to Party A.

"Utilized credit line" - The sum of the total fund applied, utilized and not yet repaid under the comprehensive credit line contract. Specifically, in terms of bank acceptance, represents the total bank acceptances issued but not yet paid by Party B; in terms of letter of credit, represents the total letter of credit issued but not yet paid by Party B; in terms of bank guarantee, represents all the guarantor issued but not yet paid by Party B.

Clause 2 Limits and Categories of the Comprehensive credit line

2.1. The total credit line can be applied by Party A within the period is

Currency: Renminbi

Amount (in Capital): Forty-five million

Amount: 45,000,000

2.2. The credit line can be applied within the following categories: working capital loans, bank acceptance, bills discount, Letter of Credit, packed loans, inward bills, outward bills, bank guarantee as well as other products agreed by Party B.

2.3. The detailed terms and conditions, such as: amount, category, period and purpose will be specified in the specific credit line agreement. Party B will only perform for specific credit line agreements signed under this contract.

Clause 3 Utilization of the comprehensive credit line

3.1 The period of the comprehensive credit line is one year, starting from 29th March 2013 until 29th March 2014.

3.2 Within the period and credit limit, Party A is capable to apply the credit line in one or in several times.

Party A is required to submit the drawdown application specified with the amount, category, and period of the funds borrowed. Party B will review the qualification, and process the signature of a specific credit line agreement if eligible.

3.3 The sum of the utilized credit line should not exceed the comprehensive credit limit at any time during the period. Credit line can be used recurring after repayment within the period. Unused credit line will be abolished automatically upon end of the period.

3.4 The handling charge rate for bank acceptance, guarantor and international trade finance, the discount rate for bills discount, the interest rate and exchange rate for loans and bills will be defined in each specific credit line agreements.

3.5 If there is discrepancy in terms and conditions between specific credit line agreements and this contract, the specific credit line agreements prevail.

3.6 Party A applies for the specific credit line; Party B will review the application and make sure it is consistent with the bank's regulation and terms agreed in this contract. Both parties will sign specific credit line agreement.

Clause 4 Party A's statement and commitment

4.1 Party A is a well established company legally set up and operates in its jurisdiction, Party A has full authorization of the company and operating the business within the scope legally registries in the government authorities. Party A has obtained any necessary permissions and authorization before signing this contract.

- 4.2 Party A commits to follow the purpose of fund stimulated in this contract and affiliated specific credit line agreement.
- 4.3 Party A should guarantee the true, completeness, legitimate and valid for all the documents provided, no fake record, misleading statement and significant omission in the documents provided.

Clause 5 Party A's rights and obligations

- 5.1 Within the effective period, Party A should notify Party B at least 30 day in advance for any significant changes in Party A's operation. This includes but not limit to: share transfer, merge, split, restructuring, transform, joint venture, cooperation, change of operation scale, change of registry capital. It is Party A's responsibility to obtain Party B's consents on Party A's repayment capability under new circumstances, repayment before expiration or providing additional guarantee.
- 5.2 Notify and obtain Party B's consents at least 30 days before on handle Party A's significant assets or sales in form of transfer, on lend, collateral or pledge.
- 5.3 Notify Party B at least 3 days in advance, if any adverse issue occurred and such issues might affect Party A's capability to perform the contract. Those adverse issues include but to limit to: litigation, administrative penalty, cease of operation, dismiss, bankrupt, deteriorated financials, etc.
- 5.4 Party A should provide additional guarantor, if the existing guarantor is under adverse issue such as litigation, administrative penalty, cease of operation, dismiss, bankrupt, deteriorated financials, etc.
- 5.5 Party A should not transfer the liability under this contract without Party B's written approval.
- 5.6 Party A commits to repay the due debt(including but not limited to the loan principle, the interest, the penalty interest and related expenses under this contract and the related specific credit line contracts) on time. Party B reserves the right to hold custody Party A's account for any unpaid due debt without prior notice to Party A. Once the currency in the custody account is different from the debt, the exchange rate on the date of the hold will be applied.
- 5.7 Party A should notify Party B in writing about any changes of its domicile, address, phone of contact as well as scope of business and legal representative, The written notification should be sent within 7 days after the registry.

Clause 6 Party B's rights and obligations

- 6.1 Party B will follow the administration rules and working manual of China CITIC Bank. Party B reserves the right to approve or reject Party A's application in accordance to the above rules and regulations. Party B reserve the rights to conduct inspection from on and on with regard to Party A's performing capabilities.
-

- 6.2 Party A applies for the specific credit line; Party B will review the application and make sure it is consistent with the bank's regulation and terms agreed in this contract. Both parties will sign specific credit line agreement and perform accordingly.
- 6.3 Party B might sometimes tolerant, extend or delay the execution of certain rights, this does not deem as the party is surrendered or remitted the rights.
- 6.4 Party B will commit to obey the confidentiality rules on all information provided by Party A, unless otherwise required by laws and regulations.

Clause 7 Guaranty

- 7.1 The liability under this contract will be guaranteed by Springpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd, Dangyu Pan
The guaranty contract reference numbers are: 2013shenyinhengzuibaozi No.002, 2013shenyinhengzuibaozi No.009.
- 7.2 Party B reserves the right to request additional guaranty on specific credit line agreements.

Clause 8 Breach of covenants

- 8.1 Both parties should follow the terms and conditions agreed in this contract, non-performing will be assumed liability and compensate for the other party's loss.
 - 8.2 The following circumstance will be treated as a breach of covenants.
 - 8.2.1 Party A violates or intends to violate the terms herein or in any supplementary contracts or agreements signed by Party A and Party B regarding the application of specific credit line.
 - 8.2.2 Party A failed to perform any obligations agreed under this contract.
 - 8.2.3 The statements, documents or information provided by Party A under Clause 4 were proved to be untrue, incomplete, inaccurate and misleading.
 - 8.2.4 Party A failed to or indicated not able to repay the debt in due course.
 - 8.2.5 Party A has undergone significant organizational changes, e.g. business splitting, merger and termination, disposal of major assets, capital reduction, liquidation, reorganization, withdrawal, bankruptcy, and dissolution.
 - 8.2.6 Party A changed the address, scope of operation, legal representative or conduct significant investments to third party which might severely affect Party B's position on loan collection.
 - 8.2.7 Party A has experienced severely financial downturn, loss of assets or loss of assets due to 3rd party guarantee or other financial crisis which might affect Party B's position on loan collection.
 - 8.2.8 Party A changed the purpose of the loan without prior notice.
 - 8.2.9 There is financial crisis on Party A's controlling shareholders and the related parties of which Party A has strong business connection with.
 - 8.2.10 Severely industrial downturn in the business Party A was engaged with.
-

8.2.11 Party A's senior management was got involved in significant corruption case which Party B believes might affect Party B's position on loan collection.

8.2.12 there is breach of covenants behaviors of Party A when engaged into other contracts.

8.2.13 Guarantor has breach the covenants and Party A failed to provide additional guarantee.

8.2.14 the collateral under this contract was seized, sealed, foreclosed, lost or in the dispute of ownership and Party A failed to provide additional guarantee.

8.2.15 Other circumstance in Party A which might affect Party B's position in collecting the debt.

8.3 If any of the above circumstances exists, Party B will execute the following actions and Party A should not have any objections.

8.3.1 adjust, cancel or pause the comprehensive contract or adjust the effective period for the contract.

8.3.2 Cease the unused credit line and announce the immediate expiration of the debt under this contract. Party A is required to repay the outstanding debt immediately.

8.3.3 Require for additional guarantee to ensure Party B's rights.

8.3.4 Execute the guarantee contract.

8.3.5 Party A's deposit account in Party B will be hold in custody for debt pay off for the comprehensive credit line and specific credit line under this contract without Party A's prior agreement.

8.4 Party B's expense incurred to protect the rights should be covered by Party A. These expenses including but not limited to litigation, travelling, lawyer's consulting fee, etc)

Clause 9 Effective, change and release of the contract

9.1 This contract is established and enters into effect upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Party A and Party B or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop

9.2 The contract can not be change or early release arbitrarily. Both parties should negotiate and record in written to modify the contract terms.

Clause 10 Resolution for dispute

The resolution of dispute should be appealed in People's court located in Party B's registry.

Clause 11 Appendix

11.1 The notification from both parties to each other should sent through telegram or facsimile, once sent will assumed received. Postal mail will be deemed received 3 days after the date of sent.

11.2 If other agreements were made in the specific credit line contracts, the specific credit line contracts prevail.

11.3 Unaccomplished matters will be made in separate agreements, the separate agreements will form an inseparable part of this contract.

11.4 This contract will be print for two copies, one for each party.

11.5 Party B has already notified and fully explained to Party A with regard to the exemption clause in this contract. Both parties do not have disagreements with regards to this contract.

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]

Stamp of Party A

Signature of director or authorized representative

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]

Stamp of Party B (if Party B is a corporation)

Signature of legal representative or authorized representative

Reference number: 2013shenyinhengebaozi No.009

Guaranty Contract of Maximum Amount

(Applicable to guaranty provided by natural person)

China CITIC Bank
Shenzhen Branch

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Filling Instruction

5. Fill in with blue or black ink
 6. Be careful of the completeness, clearness, tidiness
 7. Block capital was required in currency mark
 8. Elide the redundancy space, or put the words as "The following was intentionally leave blank" for payment and repayment schedule, state"/" for empty space in any other section
-

Guarantee Contract of Maximum Guarantee Amount

Contract NO Shenfa Shenxinzhou ebao zi di 20121207004-02

Guarantor: Dangyu Pan (Guarantor)
Type of certification: identification card
Certification number:

Creditor: China CITIC Bank, Shenzhen Branch
Address: Phase II North Times Square Excellence, Zhongxinsan Road, Futian Shenzhen
Postal Code: 518031
Office number: 0755 2594 1266
Fax:
Person in charge: Li Songyu

Spot: Shenzhen
Date: 29th Mar 2013

To ensure the perform of creditor's rights of Party B with regard to a series of credit contract signed by Party B with Shenzhen Highpower Technology Co. Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Debtor"), Party A agrees to provide maximum amount guarantee. As such, in accordance to the Guarantee Law of the People's Republic of China and the Contract Law of People's Republic of China both parties agreed the following:

Clause 1 Definition

Maximum Amount Guarantee: represents the maximum amount of creditor's rights between Party A an Party B with regards to a series of liabilities of debtor in certain period of time. Party A commit to assume guarantee responsibility to Party B on the maximum amount of the creditor's right. The maximum amount is the sum of total liabilities (or contingent liabilities) between debtor and Party B.

Clause 2 The principle creditor's rights

2.1 The principle creditor's rights represents the liabilities (including contingent liabilities) provided by Party B to Debtor during the period starting from 29th March 2013 until 29th March 2014, including but not limited to loans, bills, guaranty, and letter of credit, etc.

2.2 The principle creditor's rights assumed responsible is equivalent to Renminbi Forty-five Million

Once the guarantor's obligation has been performed by Party A, the proportion performed will be deducted from the total amount assumed responsible.

2.3 During the responsible period and within the maximum amount, all contracts signed by Party B and Debtor are assumed the principle contract for this contract.

Clause 3 Pattern of guarantee

3.1 Party A provides joint guarantee. Under the circumstance that the single creditor's rights under main contract did not perform in part or in full when due, Party B entitles the right to request assume the guarantee responsibility of Party A.

Clause 4 Scope of guarantee

The scope of guarantee includes but not limited to loan principle, interest, compound interest, punitive interest, liquidated damage, as well as the cost for realization of the creditor's right (includes but not limited to the announcement fee, delivery fees, appraisal fees, legal fees, travel expenses, assessment fees, auction fees, the property preservation fee, compulsory execution fee and etc).

No matter there is or is not real security on the creditor's right provided by Debtor or third parties, Party B reserves the right to request Party A assume guarantee responsibility before any disposal of real security.

Clause 5 Period of Guarantee

5.1 The period of guarantee starts from the effective day of the Principal Contract and ends two years after the expiration date of each specific credit line contract under the Principal Contract.

5.2 Under the circumstance that the creditor's right early terminated due to either the requirements of laws and regulations or the separate agreement between Party B and debtors, the guarantee responsibility assumed early terminated on the date the principle contract terminate.

5.3 For the creditor's right on bank acceptance and letter of credit, the period of guarantee is two years after the withholding payment was made. For contracts with more than 1 withholding payments, the period will be two years after the last payment was made.

Clause 6 Party A's statement and commitment

6.1 Party A is a natural person who possesses the capacity for civil rights and civil conducts in People's Republic of China to perform this contract. Party A can perform the civil conduct independently, no bad credit records such as debt overdue, overdue interest, malicious overdraft on credit card, no criminal records, qualified to be a legal guarantor.

6.2 Party A has full understanding about the terms and conditions set forth in the contract. It is Party A's true will to provide guarantee to debtor.

6.3 The establishment of this contract is lawful and will not be restricted.

6.4 All information and documentation provided by Party A is lawful, true, accurate and complete. There are no significant liabilities (or contingent liabilities), breach of covenants, litigation and resolution of Party A unless otherwise already disclosed to Party B in writing.

Clause 7 Party A's rights and obligations

7.1 Party A should provide legal certification to Party B

7.2 Party A should disclose the following information to Party B upon request to testify to its performing capability, occupation, income, expense, liability, guarantee and economic dispute.

7.3 Within the effective period, Party A should notify Party B of any change in name, address, and contact details within 3 days of the change.

7.4 Party B entitles the rights to directly assume the guarantee once the obligation of the principle contracts could not be fulfilled when due. Party A should not reject payment for any compensation requested by Party B. Party A willing to surrender the rights stated in Article 20 of the Guarantee Law of People's Republic of China.

7.5 Party A will obtain Party B's written consent before entering into new guarantee agreements, and Party B's creditor rights prevail.

7.6 Notify Party B at least 3 days in advance, if any of the following issues might affect Party A's capability to perform the contracts occurred. Those issues include but are not limited to: change of nationality, change of address, change of marital status, unemployment, disability, critical illness, legal or administrative punishment, litigation, deteriorated financials, etc.

7.7 Within the effective period, Party A should notify Party B at least 3 days in advance, if any adverse issue occurred on entities which Party A is the shareholder or holds the de facto control of and such issues might affect Party A's capability to perform the contract. Those adverse issues include but to limit to: litigation, administrative penalty, cease of operation, dismiss, bankrupt, deteriorated financials, etc.

7.8 Party A should notify Party B at least 3 days in advance, if the entities which Party A is the shareholder or holds the de facto control of, are going to experience, share transfer, restructuring, merge, split, change in registry capital, etc.

7.9 Under the circumstances in 7.6, 7.7 and 7.8 exists, Party A assures to make proper arrangement on the guarantee's responsibility, the specific the plan of the arrangement.

7.10 Under the circumstance that debtor failed to fulfill the creditor's rights when due, Party B entitles the rights to assume guarantee responsibility from Party A. Party A should arrange delinquent payment in accordance with the amount and timing immediate upon Party B's payment request.

7.11 Party A grants the authorization to Party B to custody Party A's deposit account. If Party A failed to fulfill the obligation in 7.10, Party B entitled the rights to hold custody Party A's deposit account opened in Party B for pay back the creditor's rights. Once the currency in the custody account is different from the debt, the exchange rate on the date of the hold will be applied.

7.12 Party A's guarantee responsibility remains unchanged even though 3rd party was appointed to provide guarantee responsibility.

Clause 8 Party B's rights and obligations

8.1 Under the circumstance that Party B transfer the creditor's rights to 3rd party, Party B should notify Party A immediately after the engagement to the debt transfer contract.

8.2 Party A will not receive any further notification on the engagement of affiliated specific contract under the principle contract between Party B and debtor

8.3 Under the circumstance that debtor did not perform in accordance with the principle contract, Party B entitles the rights to assume guarantee's responsibility.

8.4 Party B should keep information confidentiality on all information provided by Party A unless otherwise disclosure required by law or regulations.

Clause 9 Breach of Covenants

9.1 Both parties should follow the terms and conditions agreed in this contract, non-performing will be assumed liability and compensate for the other party's loss.

9.2 The statements, documents or information provided by Party A under Clause 6 were proved to be untrue, incomplete, inaccurate and misleading.

9.3 Party A should assume full responsibility for any losses from Party B caused by defaults of Party A.

9.4 Under any of the following circumstances, Party B entitled the rights to require Party A to assume guarantee responsibility or execute enforcement actions towards Party A's asset or rights of assets.

9.4.1 Upon the expiration of the principle contract, Party B has not been paid off.

9.4.2 Upon early termination of the principle contract, Party B has not been paid off.

9.4.3 Party A has experienced severely financial downturn, loss of assets or loss of assets due to 3rd party guarantee or other financial crisis which might affect Party B's position on loan collection. Party A could not provide additional guarantee, or Party B are not satisfied on the additional guarantee.

9.4.4 Party A has undergone legal or administrative penalty or significant litigation which might affect Party B's position on loan collection. Party A could not provide additional guarantee, or Party B are not satisfied on the additional guarantee.

9.4.5 There is breach of covenants between Party A and other creditors other than Party B. Party A could not provide additional guarantee, or Party B are not satisfied on the additional guarantee.

9.4.6 Party A defaulted on the clause 7.9 under this contract, and no additional guarantee or execution plan can be provide to satisfy Party B

9.4.7 There are events of Party A affect or might affect Party B's rights and interests.

Clause 10 Summative of rights

10.1 Party B's rights under this contract is summative, and will be exclude from Party's B's rights and interests from Party A in accordance with law or other contracts. Unless, clearly stated by Party B, Party B's delay, tolerance, non execution of its rights can not be interpreted as the surrender or partial surrender of its rights under this contract.

Clause 11 Consecutive of rights

11.1 The obligation and joint responsibility under this contract is consecutive, and has equal legal restriction to its inherit, bequeath, legal representatives. These obligations and joint responsibilities will not be affected by either other contracts or other guarantees of the principle contracts, the bankruptcy, disability of performing, loss of entity qualification.

Clause 12 Other agreements

Not applicable

Clause 13 Applicable laws

The law of People's Republic of China is applicable in this contract.

Clause 14 Resolution for dispute

The resolution of dispute should be appealed in People's court located in Party B's registry.

Clause 15 Effectiveness of this contract

15.1 This contract is independent from the principle contract. The invalidity of the principle contracts will not affect the performance of this contract. The legal responsibility of joint responsibility will extend after the expiration of the debtor's responsibility under the principle contract.

15.2 There might be the circumstance that, certain clauses or parts of the contents in certain clauses is void, These will not affect the performance of these contract.

Clause 16 Effectiveness, change and release of the contract

16.1 This contract is established and entered into effect upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Party A and Party B or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop.

16.2 The contract can not be changed or early released arbitrarily. Both parties should negotiate and record in writing to modify the contract terms.

Clause 17 Appendix

17.1 Unaccomplished matters will be made in separate agreements, the separate agreements will form an inseparable part of this contract.

17.2 The notification from both parties to each other should sent through telegram or facsimile, once sent will assumed received. Postal mail will be deemed received 3 days after the date of sent.

11.4 This contract will be printed for two copies, one for each party.

11.5 Party B has already notified and fully explained to Party A with regard to the exemption clause in this contract. Both parties do not have disagreements with regards to this contract.

/s/ Dangyu Pan
Stamp of Party A
Signature of director or authorized representative

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]
Stamp of Party B (if Party B is a corporation)
Signature of legal representative or authorized representative

Signature of Party B (if Party B is a individual) or authorized representative Dangyu Pan

Confirmation of Part A's spouse
Null.

Comprehensive Credit Line Contract

Reference No. : 2013zhenzhongyinbuexiezi No.0000099

Party A: Shenzhen Highpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Business License: 440307503274740

Legal Representative: Dangyu Pan

Address: Building A2, Luoshan Industrial Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen

Postal code: 518111

Deposit A/C and financial institutions: Bank of China, Pinghu Sub-branch, Shenzhen,

Telephone: 8968 6236 ; Facsimile: 8968 6298

Party B: Bank of China, Buji Sub-branch.

Legal Representative: Yang Yong

Address: 108, Buji Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen; Postal code: 518112

Telephone: 2827 4825 ; Facsimile: 2827 0847

The parties agree as follow.

Clause 1 Scope of Business

Satisfied by condition precedent defined in this contract, Party A is allowed to apply for recurring, temporary or one-off credit line from Party B in the form of a short-term loan, deposit account overdraft, bank acceptance, trade finance, bank guarantee, or other monetary financing or credit authorization business ("Specific credit line business").

The trade finance business under this contract is included and limited to: international letter of credit, domestic letter of credit, import bill advance, shipping guarantee, packing credit, export bill purchase, export bill discount, import bill advance under LC, negotiation credit and other international and domestic trade finance business.

The bank guarantee business under this contract is including bank guarantee, standby letter of credit and all sorts of bank guarantee business.

Clause 2 Types and amount of credit line

Party B agrees to offer the following:

Currency in: Renminbi

Amount: Renmibi Seventy millions

RMB 70,000,000.00

Types: 1. Loans : RMB40,000,000.00

2. Bank Acceptances: RMB30,000,000.00

Clause 3 Usage of credit lines

1. Within the credit line period, under the agreed upper limits on each type of credit line, Party A can use the credit line recurrently. If Party A needs to apply for the one-off credit line, a written application is required. And both parties should agree that Party B has the final say on whether and how the one-off credit line will be granted. Party B will notify Party A in written once the decision is made.
2. This contract will override all the credit line contracts previously signed by Party A and Party B. Upon the effective date of this contract, all the used and unused credit lines prior to this contract will be considered as used and unused credit lines under this contract
3. Unless otherwise agreed, the following business will not occupy the credit line under this contract.
 - 1) Export bill purchase business with precisely matched bills, documents and certificates
 - 2) Outwards letters of credit, bank guarantee and trade finance business which Party B agreed to act as confirming bank.
 - 3) Any credit line business which guaranteed by Party A by deposits, government bonds, deposit certificates issued by Party B, bank acceptance, guarantee or standby letters of credit accepted by Party B
 - 4) Any other business agreed by both parties.The above defined businesses, although they will not occupy the credit limits under this contract, they will still be considered as inseparable part of the contract.

Clause 4 Application of specific credit line business

Written applications or separate contracts are required from Party A to apply for a specific credit line.

Clause 5 Period

The credit line defined in clause 2 under this contract will be started from the effective date and end on (Not specify here, normal practice is one year).

Upon negotiation, both parties can extend the contract period by signing supplementary contracts. Party B will continue to provide credit lines under supplementary contracts. All terms and conditions under this contract have the equivalent legal effects and restrictions on the supplementary contracts.

The termination of a specific credit line will only occur when all the rights and obligations are fulfilled. The above period has no limitation on specific credit line under this contract.

Clause 6 Condition Precedents of specific credit line business

Party A should fulfill the following conditions precedent before applying for a specific credit line business

- 1) File the necessary documents, stamps and signatures in Party B in relating to this contract and all the specific credit line contract under this contracts
- 2) Open the necessary bank account
- 3) Make sure the required guarantee contracts are properly in place
- 4) Other conditions precedent required for specific credit line contracts
- 5) Other conditions precedent required by Party B

Clause 7 Guaranty

For all the liabilities occurred under this contract and the specific credit line contract affiliated to this contract should be guaranteed by the following:

Maximum Amount Guarantee provided by:

- 1) Springpower Technology Co. Ltd., a guarantee contract is signed separately;
- 2) Dangyu Pan, a guarantee contract is signed separately;

Collateral on the Maximum Amount

- 1) The collateral is provided by Party A, a collateral contract is signed separately;

Under certain circumstances that Party A or the Guarantor might be unable to fulfill or make Party B believe they are unable to fulfill the contractual capacity, e.g: Guarantee Contracts are invalid, Party A is or will be under significant business difficulties or risks: deteriorated financials, litigation issues which might affect its repayment ability, Guarantors were found default in other contracts with Party B, devaluation, dismissal or damage of collaterals which might cause the value of the collaterals slaked or losses. Party B reserves the right to and Party A has the obligation to additional or replace the guarantor.

Clause 8 Statement and Commitment

1. Party A's statement:

- 1) Party A is legally registered and operating, and owning the full civil rights required by this contract.
 - 2) Signing and performing the contract is the true will of Party A, Party A has been granted all necessary authorizations in effect before signing the contract. The contract does not form a default for other contracts signed and performed by Party A. It is Party A's responsibility to complete all required approvals, registrations, permits and filings.
 - 3) All documents and information provided by Party A to Party B are true, complete, accurate and effective.
-

- 4) All the transactions mentioned by Party A for apply specific credit line should be real and not for illegal purposes such as: money laundry.
 - 5) No hidden events regarding Party A and guarantor's financial and repayment abilities
2. Party A's commitment:
- 1) Timely delivery of the financial statements and other relevant information, (including but not limited to annual, quarterly and monthly financial reports.
 - 2) Cooperate in Party B's exam and inspection on the utilization of the loan as well as Party A's financials and operations
 - 3) Any counter-guarantee agreement between the guarantors and Party A will not affect the Party B's underlying rights under this contract
 - 4) Under circumstances Party A or Guarantor's capability of performing the contract might be affected, Party A should notify Party B in time. Those circumstances include but are not limited to significant organizational changes, e.g. business splitting, merger and termination, disposal of major assets, restructuring, reorganization, joint venture arrangement with foreign capitals, changing of controlling shareholders or de facto control of Party A, capital reduction, liquidation, re-pledge of the encumbered assets, withdrawal, bankruptcy, dissolution and involvement in significant lawsuits.
 - 5) As for undefined business practice, Party A is committed to follow Party B's regulation and normal practice in daily operation.
 - 6) Party A committed not to distribute bonus during the credit period
 - 7) Agreed by both parties, for the purpose to ensure the Party B's claims on credit funds and Party B's convenience to monitoring the repayment progress, Party A should guarantee the proportion of sales fund received in Party A's account opened with Party B over Party A's total sales should be matching to the proportion of Party A's credit line received from Party B over Party A's total credit line received from financial institution.

Clause 9 Related party and related party transaction of Party A

Party A is not defined as Group Credit Customer by Party B in accordance with "Guidance of Risk Management by Commercial Banks for Granting Credit to Customer Groups"

Clause 10 Breach of Covenants

Any of the following situations would be considered as breach of contract covenant:

1. Party A did not perform the repayment obligation under this contract or the affiliated specific credit line contracts
 2. Party A has not used the credit funds according to agreed purposes.
 3. Party A's statement in this contract or the affiliated specific contracts are untrue or in violation with Party A's commitment in this or the affiliated specific contracts.
-

4. Under the circumstance defined in 2.4) in Clause 8, Party A refused to provide additional guarantee or replacement of new guarantor
5. Party B is or will be under significant business difficulties or risks: deteriorated financials, significant financial losses and loss of assets (including but not limited asset losses for fulfill guarantee obligations) or other financial crisis.
6. Party A is in violation with other rights and obligations agreed in this contract.
7. Party A breaches the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.
8. Guarantors breach the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.
When any of the above mentioned situation noticed, Party B will perform the following in separate or all at the same time:
 - 1) Request Party A or Guarantor to rectify within a definite time.
 - 2) Reduce, temporarily pause or permanently terminate Party A's Credit limit in part or in all
 - 3) Temporarily pause or permanently terminate in part or in all of Party A's application on specific credit line under this contract.
 - 4) Announce the immediate expiration on all the credit lines granted under this contract and affiliated specific credit line contracts.
 - 5) Terminate or release this contract, terminate or release in part or in all of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts signed between Party A and Party B.
 - 6) Request compensation from Party A on the losses thereafter caused.
 - 7) Party A's deposit account in Party B will be hold in custody for debt pay off for the comprehensive credit line and specific credit line under this contract. All the undue liabilities were deeming due and entitled the immediate payoff from Party A's restricted accounts. If the currency in deposit account is different from the currency of the liabilities, the exchange rate on the date of the hold in custody will be applied.
 - 8) Real rights granted by way of security will be executed.
 - 9) Assume the guarantee responsibility on Guarantors.
 - 10) Other necessary procedures on Party B's concern

Clause 11 Rights reserved

Either party might reserve part of or all of the rights under this contract and the affiliated specific credit line contracts, this does not imply the party has surrendered or remitted the unperformed rights and obligations.

Either party might sometimes tolerate, extend or delay the execution of certain rights, this does not deem as the party has surrendered or remitted the rights.

Clause 12 Change, Modification, Termination and Partial invalidity

Upon negotiation and agreement by both parties, this contract can be changed and modified, the written record of the changes and modifications should form the inseparable part of this contract.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the contract would not be terminated prior to all the rights and obligations defined are fulfilled.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the void of single terms under this contract should no invalid other contract under this contract.

Clause 13 Applicable Law and Resolution for Dispute

1. This contract is entered into according with the People's Republic of China, and applicable to the law of the People's Republic of China.
2. The resolution of dispute should be appealed in Party B or other Bank of China subsidiaries defined in this contract or other affiliated contracts

Clause 14 Attachments

Below attachments are agreed by both parties, formed an inseparable part of this contract, thereafter in the same legal position as this contract.
Attachment 1: Appendix terms.

Clause 15 Other terms and conditions

1. Without Party B's prior written approval, Party A is not allowed to transfer the rights and obligations under this contract to 3rd Parties.
 2. Party A should give the consent that, Party B might somehow authorize other affiliated institutions of Bank of China to perform the obligation. The performing party is entitled to all the rights and obligations under this contract and the affiliated credit line contracts, the performing party reserves the rights to appeal a resolution of dispute if necessary.
 3. The contract has equivalent restrictions to the successors or inherits of both parties.
 4. Unless otherwise agreed, the domicile addresses stated in this contract are for corresponding use; both parties should notify each other in writing about any changes of its domicile addresses.
 5. The title and name of business product is for business purposes, will not used for interpretation of the contract terms and the rights and obligations.
 6. If required by the governing institutions, Party B might not be able to perform the obligations agreed in this contract. Party is exempted from punishment under this circumstance.
-

Clause 16 Effectiveness of the contract

This contract is established and entered into effective upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Party A and Party B or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop.

This contract will be print and signed in seven copies, Party A and the guarantors hold one copy each, Party B holds three copies, collateral registry authority holds one copy, each copy has the same legal effect.

/s/ Dangyu Pan
Stamp of Party A
Signature of director or authorized representative
January 10, 2013

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]
Stamp of Party B
Signature of legal representative or authorized representative
January 10, 2013

Attachment 1:

If there are discrepancies in contents in the attachment with this contract, this contract should prevail.

Specific to the 2nd paragraph of *Clause 3*:” This contract will override all the credit line contracts previously signed by Party A and Party B. Upon the effective date of this contract, all the used and unused credit lines prior to this contract will be considered as used and unused credit lines under this contract”.

“all the credit line contracts previously signed” here means the contract signed with reference no of “2012zhenzhongyinbuexiezi No. 000127.

Collateral Contract

Reference No. : 2013zhenzhongyinbudiezi No.0011

Pledgor: Shenzhen Highpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Business License: 440307503274740

Legal Representative: Dangyu Pan

Address: Building A2, Luoshan Industrial Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen

Postal code: 518111

Deposit A/C and financial institutions: Bank of China, Pinghu Sub-branch, Shenzhen,

Telephone: 8968 6236 ; Facsimile: 8968 6298

Pledgee: Bank of China, Buji Sub-branch.

Legal Representative: Yang Yong

Address: 108, Buji Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen; Postal code: 518112

Telephone: 2827 4825 ; Facsimile: 2827 0847

To guarantee the performing of the principle contract stated in Clause 1, both party agrees the following:

Clause 1 Principle Contract

1. The principle contract is "Comprehensive credit contract (2013 zhenzhongyinbuxiezi No 0000099)" and its supplements signed between Creditor and Debtor, Shenzhen Highpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
2. The principle contract is "Fixed asset loan contract (2013zhenzhongyinbujiezi No 00002)" and its supplements signed between Creditor and Debtor, Shenzhen Highpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Clause 2 Principle Creditor's rights and the period

Unless otherwise agreed, the creditor's rights under the following contracts and the creditor's rights occurred before the engagement of this contract constitute the principle creditor's rights of this contract.

1. The creditor's right occurred under comprehensive contract starting from the date of effectiveness, and end upon the expiration of all the specific creditor's rights.
 2. The creditor's right occurred under fixed assets loan contract starting from the date of effectiveness, and end upon the repayment date defined on the contract.
-

Clause 3 The maximum amount guaranteed

1. The maximum amount assumed guaranteed is:
Currency: Renminbi
Amount (Capital letter): Fifty-nine two hundred and seventy-seven seven hundred and forty
Amount (in numbers): 59,277,740
2. The principle creditor's rights under the principle contract constitute the principle creditor's rights under this contract, which includes: loan principle, interest, compound interest, punitive interest, liquidated damage, the cost for realization of the creditor's right (includes but not limited to the announcement fee, delivery fees, appraisal fees, legal fees, travel expenses, assessment fees, auction fees, the property preservation fee, compulsory execution fee and etc), as well as the Pledgee's loss due to the breach of covenants.

The sum of the above terms constitutes the maximum amount of guaranteed for this contract.

Clause 4 The Collateral

For details of the collateral please refer to the appendix "Details of the underlying assets".

During the period of collateral, if the Collateral is broken or damaged, Pledgee is entitled to the primary rights for compensation from insurance, compensation or subsidy, Pledgee can withdraw the compensation amount even though the collateral period is undue

If the Collateral is buildings, Pledgor should notify the Pledgee immediately after the Pledgor acknowledged the removal of the building. If the compensation of the removal is through change of property, Pledgor should coordinate the paid off of the principle of creditor's rights with debtor and Pledgee per Pledgee's request, or replace the Collateral with the new building or new collateral per Pledgee's request. After the original Collateral is lost and the new Collateral is not yet registered, Pledgor should provide additional guarantee by qualified guarantor. For the compensation that is in the form of cash, Pledgee is entitled to the primary rights from compensation, and entitled to the right to request the Pledgor to deposit the cash into the appointed custody accounts, and subsequent security by deposit contract should be signed and effected.

Clause 5 The registration

With 30 days after the sign-off of this contract, Pledgor and Pledgee should finish the registry in the authorities.

Pledgor and Pledgee should file a change in registry with the authorities within 30 days after the change.

Clause 6 The possession and management of the Collateral

The possession and management of the Collateral will be on the Pledgor, however, the certifications of rights should be under the custody of the Pledgee. Pledgor should accept the inspection and check from time to time.

Pledgor should properly maintain the Collateral to ensure the safety and well-being of the Collaterals, Pledgor should take responsibility on daily maintenance and repairs.

Without the written consent of the Pledgee, Pledgor is not allowed to transfer, lend, invest, or restructure the Collateral. With Pledgee's written consent, the proceedings of disposal should be deposited in the appointed accounts.

Clause 7 The circumstances that the value of the Collaterals is diminished

Before the creditor's rights has been fully paid off, Pledgee is entitled to the right to stop Pledgor's behavior, if such behavior is diminishing the value of the underlying assets. Pledgee is entitled to the right to request Pledgor to recover the value of the asset or provide additional guarantee to secure the proportion of lost.

If the Pledgor failed to recover the value of the asset nor can it provide addition guarantee, Pledgee might request early pay-off of the creditor's rights. Pledgee might execute the rights to assume guarantee responsibility if the Pledgor refused the above.

If the diminished value is due to the irresistible reason, Pledgor should take action to avoid further deteriorate and notify the Pledgee in writing immediately

Clause 8 Interest generated from the account receivables

The interest generated from the pledged account receivables should be assumed responsible to the creditor's rights after the deduction of the cost of collecting those interests.

Clause 9 Insurance of the underlying assets (Optional)

Not applicable

Clause 10 The guarantee responsibilities

Under the circumstance that, the debtor of principle contract failed to pay off the creditor's rights when due (on due date or early termination date), the pledge is assumed to be responsible in accordance with this contract.

The due date in the previous sentence means the repayment date agreed in the principle contract. The early termination date is the termination date request by creditor per law or per agreements under the principle contracts.

Clause 11 The realization of the pledgee's rights

Once guarantee responsibility established, Pledgee is entitled to the right to request the execution of the assumption of the guarantee 's responsibility in accordance to law and regulation. Pledgee should execute the rights within the duration of action.

Clause 12 The realization of the pledgee's rights

Once guarantee responsibility is assumed, Pledgee is entitled to the right to request the execution immediately. The execution action includes but is not limited to compromise for discount, sale the assets through auction, etc. Pledgor should cooperate on the above mentioned actions. The proceeds received after the cost of execution, should be use to pay off the principle creditor's rights under the principle contracts. Under the circumstance that, the expiration of account receivables is earlier than the expiration of the principle creditor's rights, the amount collected from the pledged account receivables by Pledgor should be deposited in the appointed account. And the deposit should still assume the guarantee responsibility for the undue principle creditor's rights. Pledgor's rights on other guarantee contracts or collateral contracts should not have an impact on the performing of this contract. Pledgor should assume responsibility under this contract rather than plea with the execution in order.

Clause 13 The relationship between this contract and the principle contract

Upon the termination or early termination of the principle contract, Pledgor assumed guarantee responsibility on occurred debt. The change of principle contract will not be informed to the Pledgor unless under the following circumstances, change of currency, interest rate, amount, period, or other terms which might affect the increase of the amount of the principle creditor's rights or extend the effective period of the principle contract. Pledgor remains to assume the guarantee responsibility to the changed principle contract. Under the previous stated circumstance which Pledgor's consent is required, Pledgor is entitled to the right to reject the assumption of the guarantee responsibility on the incremental portion. Under the circumstances that, Pledgee provide the letter of credit, trade financing services to debtor under the principle contract, Pledgor won't be notified but assumed guarantee responsibility. It is the Pledgee's responsibility to register for the incremental business contract.

Clause 14 Statements and Commitments

Pledgor's statement:

1. Pledgor is legally registry and operating, and owning the full civil rights required by this contract.
-

2. Pledgor committed that no joint owner attached on the Collateral, or if any, written consents has been obtained. Pledgor agreed to hand over the written consent to Pledgee for custody.
3. Signing and performing the contract is the true will of Pledgor, Pledgor has been granted all necessary authorizations in effect before signing the contract. The contract does not form a default for other contracts signed and performed by Pledgor. It is Pledgor's responsibility to complete all required approvals, registrations, permits and filings.
4. All documents and information provided by Pledgor to Pledgee are true, complete, accurate and effective.
5. Pledgor did not conceal all the other creditor's rights, factoring and financing attached to the underlying assets.
6. Under the circumstances that new creditor's rights are attached on the underlying assets or significant argue and dispute on the underlying contracts, Pledgor should notify Pledgee immediately.
7. If the Collateral is construction in process, Pledgor committed that no other creditor's rights is attached, if any, a written consent of abortion is obtained. Pledgor agreed to hand over the written consent to Pledgee for custody.

Clause 15 Default of the contract

Pledgor's absent or delay in the registration procedure will be considered the event of default. Pledgee's loss from the default should be compensated by Pledgor.

Clause 16 Breach of covenants

Any of the following situations would be considered as breach of contract covenant:

1. Pledgor is in violation with the previous terms of the contract, transferred or disposed all or part of the assets.
2. Pledgor impeded in any form Pledgee's execution the rights.
3. Under the clause 7 of this contract that diminished of the value of the accounts receivables, and Pledgor cannot provide additional guarantee.
4. The statements of the Pledgor are untrue or in violation with its commitments
5. Pledgor is in violation with other rights and obligations agreed in this contract.
6. Pledgor is or will be under significant business changes such as termination of operation, dismissal or bankruptcy.
7. Pledgor breaches the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.

When any of the above mentioned situations noticed, Pledgee will perform the following in separate or all at the same time:

- 1) Request Pledgor to rectify within a definite time.
-

- 2) Reduce, temporarily pause or permanently terminate Pledgor's Credit limit in part or in all
- 3) Temporarily pause or permanently terminate in part or in all of Pledgor's application on specific credit line under this contract.
- 4) Announce the immediate expiration on all the credit lines granted under this contract and affiliated specific credit line contracts.
- 5) Terminate or release this contract, terminate or release in part or in all of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts signed between Pledgor and Pledgee
- 6) Request compensation from Pledgor on the losses thereafter caused.
- 7) Assume the guarantee responsibility on Guarantors.
- 8) Other necessary procedures on Party B's concern

Clause 17 Rights reserved

Either party might reserve part of or all of the rights under this contract and the affiliated specific credit line contracts, this does not imply the party has surrendered or remitted the unperformed rights and obligations.

Either party might sometimes tolerate, extend or delay the execution of certain rights, this does not deem as the party has surrendered or remitted the rights.

Clause 18 Change, Modification, Termination and Partial invalid

Upon negotiation and agreed by both parties, this contract can be changed and modified, the written record of the changes and modifications should form the inseparable part of this contract.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the contract would not be terminated prior to all the rights and obligations defined are fulfilled.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the void of single terms under this contract should no invalid other contract under this contract.

Clause 19 Applicable Law and Resolution for Dispute

1. This contract entered into according with the People's Republic of China, and applicable to the law of the People's Republic of China.
2. The resolution of dispute should be appealed in Party B or other Bank of China subsidiaries defined in this contract or other affiliated contracts

Clause 20 Attachments

Details of underlying assets.

Clause 21 Other terms and conditions

1. Without Pledgee's prior written approval, Pledgor is not allowed to transfer the rights and obligations under this contract to 3rd Parties.
2. Pledgor should give the consent that, Pledgee might somehow authorize other affiliated institutions of Bank of China to perform the obligation. The performing party is entitled to all the rights and obligations under this contract and the affiliated credit line contracts, the performing party reserves the rights to appeal a resolution of dispute if necessary.
3. The contract has equivalent restrictions to the successors or inherits of both parties.
4. Unless otherwise agreed, the domicile addresses stated in this contract are for corresponding use; both parties should notify each other in writing about any changes of its domicile addresses.
5. The title and name of business product is for business purposes, will not used for interpretation of the contract terms and the rights and obligations.
6. Special agreements between Pledgor and Pledgee, If the realization value of the underlying assets exceeds the maximum amount of guarantee specified in Clause 3, Pledgor agree that the primary compensation to Pledgee will not restricted to the amount defined in Clause 3 and Clause 10. Pledgee entitled the compensation from the full proceeds from disposal.

Clause 18 Effectiveness of the contract

This contract is established and enters into effective upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Pledgor and Pledgee or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop.

The pledge is established upon the effectiveness of this contract.

This contract will be printed and signed in six copies, Pledgor and the debtor hold one copy each, Pledgee holds three copies, the registration authority holds one copy, each copy has the same legal effect

/s/ Danyu Pan

Stamp of Pledgor

Signature of director or authorized representative

January 10, 2013

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]

Stamp of Pledgee (if Pledgee is a corporation)

Signature of legal representative or authorized representative

January 10, 2013

Attachment:

Details of the underlying assets (Ref No: 2013zhzhongyinbudiezi No.0011)

Underlying asset: Land use right of industrial land

Amount

Valuation amount: 59,277,740

Certification of rights: "Certification of land use right of state-owned land" huifuguoyong(2007) No.13021920300

Location: Shangliao County Ma'an Town Huizhou city

Maximum Amount Guaranty Contract
(Applicable if guarantor is natural person)

Reference No. : 2013zhenzhongyinbubaoezi No.0015

Guarantor: Dangu Pan

Type of certification: identification card

Certification number:

Address: Building A2, Luoshan Industrial Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen

Postal code: 518111

Telephone: 8968 6236 ; Facsimile: 8968 6298

Creditor: Bank of China, Buji Sub-branch.

Legal Representative: Yang Yong

Address: 108, Buji Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen; Postal code: 518112

Telephone: 2827 4825 ; Facsimile: 2827 0847

To guarantee the performing of the principle contract stated in Clause 1, both parties agree the following:

Clause 1 Principle Contract

1. The principle contract is "Comprehensive credit contract (2013zhenzhongyinbuxiezi No 0000099)" and its supplements signed between Creditor and Debtor, Shenzhen Highpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
2. The principle contract is "Fixed asset loan contract (2013zhenzhongyinbujiezi No 00002)" and its supplements signed between Creditor and Debtor, Shenzhen Highpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Clause 2 Principle Creditor's rights and the period

Unless otherwise agreed, the creditor's rights under the following contracts and the creditor's rights occurred before the engagement of this contract constitutes the principle creditor's rights of this contract.

1. The creditor's right occurred under comprehensive contract starting from the date of effectiveness, and ends upon the expiration of all the specific creditor's rights.
 2. The creditor's right occurred under fixed assets loan contract starting from the date of effectiveness, and ends upon the repayment date defined on the contract.
-

Clause 3 The maximum amount guaranteed

1. The maximum amount assumed guaranteed is:
Currency: Renminbi
Amount (Capital letter): One hundred and twenty million
Amount (in numbers): 120,000,000
2. The principle creditor's rights under the principle contract constitute the principle creditor's rights under this contract, which includes: loan principle, interest, compound interest, punitive interest, liquidated damage, the cost for realization of the creditor's right (includes but not limited to the announcement fee, delivery fees, appraisal fees, legal fees, travel expenses, assessment fees, auction fees, the property preservation fee, compulsory execution fee and etc), as well as the Pledgee's loss due to the breach of covenants.

The sum of the above terms constitutes the maximum amount of guaranteed for this contract.

Clause 4 Types of guaranty

Joint responsibility guaranty.

Clause 5 The guarantee responsibilities

Under the circumstance that, the debtor of principle contract failed to pay off the creditor's rights when due (on due date or early termination date), the guaranty is assumed to be responsible in accordance with this contract.

The due date in the previous sentence means the repayment date agreed in the principle contract. The early termination date is the termination date request by creditor per law or per agreements under the principle contracts.

Creditor's rights on other guarantee contracts or collateral contracts should not have an impact on the performing of this contract. Guarantor should assume responsibility under this contract rather than plea with the execution in order.

Clause 6 The responsible period

The responsible period for this contract is two years after the establishment of the creditor's rights under Clause 2

During the period, Creditor is entitled to the right to request the assumption of responsibility from Guarantor in full or in part on one or on all creditor rights.

Clause 7 The duration of action

During the period that the creditor's rights have not been paid off when due, Guarantor is assumed responsible under the joint responsibility guarantee. Creditor is entitled to claim the rights within the responsible period defined in Clause 6, the duration of action started upon the request.

Clause 8 The relationship between this contract and the principle contract

Upon the termination or early termination of the principle contract, Guarantor assumes guarantee responsibility on occurred debt. The change of principle contract will not be informed to the Guarantor unless under the following circumstances, change of currency, interest rate, amount, period, or other terms which might affect the increase of the amount of the principle creditor's rights or extend the effective period of the principle contract. Guarantor remains obligated to assume the guarantee responsibility to the changed principle contract. Under the previous stated circumstance which Guarantor's consent is required, Pledgor Guarantor is entitled to the right to reject to assume the guarantee responsibility on the incremental portion.

Under the circumstances that, Creditor provide the letter of credit, trade financing services to debtor under the principle contract, Guarantor won't be notified but assumed guarantee responsibility. It is the Creditor's responsibility to registry for the incremental business contract.

Clause 9 Statements and Commitments

Guarantor's statement:

- a) Guarantor is a natural person who possesses the capacity for civil rights and civil conducts in People's Republic of China to perform this contract. Party A can perform the civil conduct independently, no bad credit records such as debt overdue, overdue interest, malicious overdraft on credit card, no criminal records, qualified to be a legal guarantor.
 - b) Guarantor has full understanding about the terms and conditions set forth in the contract. It is Guarantor's true will to provide guarantee to debtor.
 - c) The establishment of this contract will not constitute a breach of covenant of any other previous contract Guarantor engaged in.
 - d) All documents and information provided by Guarantor to Creditor are true, complete, accurate and effective.
 - e) Guarantor is willing to cooperate in the checking and inspection of its financial conditions performed by Creditor.
 - f) Guarantor did not conceal any existing liability upon the signing of the contract
 - g) Inform the Creditor in time for any issues might affect Guarantor's performing capability, which including but not limited to losses of assets, transfer, donation, assume responsibility on liabilities, involved in significant law suits or disputes.
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- h) If the Guarantor is married, make sure the sponsor's consent is obtained.

Clause 10 Authorization of access to personal information

Guarantor authorizes the access of personal information in the personal credit information database in the People's Bank of China to Creditor under the following circumstances.

1. Reference check on the Guarantor's credit status.
2. Reference check on the Guarantor's guarantee status.
3. After-loan management on the personal credit and guarantee status
4. Accept the credit line application of which the Guarantor guaranteed or to be legal representative or one of the funders.

Clause 11 Breach of covenants

Any of the following situations would be considered as breach of contract covenant:

1. Guarantor is in violation with the previous terms of the contract.
2. The statements of the Guarantor is untrue or in violation with its commitments
3. The occurrence of issues defined under the point 7 of clause 9 which might affect the Guarantor's financial position and performing capability.
4. In violation with other rights and obligations agreed in this contract.
5. Guarantor breaches the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.

When any of the above mentioned situations noticed, Creditor will perform the following in separate or all at the same time:

- 1) Request Guarantor to rectify within a definite time.
 - 2) Reduce, temporarily pause or permanently terminate Guarantor's Credit limit in part or in all
 - 3) Temporarily pause or permanently terminate in part or in all of Guarantor's application on specific credit line under this contract.
 - 4) Announce the immediate expiration on all the credit lines granted under this contract and affiliated specific credit line contracts.
 - 5) Terminate or release this contract, terminate or release in part or in all of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts signed between Guarantor and Creditor
 - 6) Request compensation from Guarantor on the losses thereafter caused.
 - 7) Assume the guarantee responsibility on Guarantors.
 - 8) Other necessary procedures on Party B's concern
-

Clause 12 Rights reserved

Either party might reserve part of or all of the rights under this contract and the affiliated specific credit line contracts, this does not imply the party has surrendered or remitted the unperformed rights and obligations.

Either party might sometimes tolerate, extend or delay the execution of certain rights, this does not deem as the party has surrendered or remitted the rights.

Clause 13 Change, Modification, Termination and Partial invalidity

Upon negotiation and agreement by both parties, this contract can be changed and modified, the written record of the changes and modifications should form the inseparable part of this contract.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the contract would not be terminated prior to all the rights and obligations defined are fulfilled.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the void of single terms under this contract should no invalid other contract under this contract.

Clause 14 Applicable Law and Resolution for Dispute

1. This contract is entered into according with the People's Republic of China, and applicable to the law of the People's Republic of China.

2. The resolution of dispute should be appealed in Party B or other Bank of China subsidiaries defined in this contract or other affiliated contracts

Clause 15 Attachments

Sponsor's consent.

Clause 16 Other terms and conditions

1. Without Creditor's prior written approval, Guarantor is not allowed to transfer the rights and obligations under this contract to 3rd Parties.
 2. Guarantor should give the consent that, Creditor might somehow authorize other affiliated institutions of Bank of China to perform the obligation. The performing party is entitled to all the rights and obligations under this contract and the affiliated credit line contracts, the performing party reserves the rights to appeal a resolution of dispute if necessary.
 3. The contract has equivalent restrictions to the successors or inherits of both parties.
 4. Unless otherwise agreed, the domicile addresses stated in this contract are for corresponding use; both parties should notify each other in writing about any changes of its domicile addresses.
 5. The title and name of business product is for business purposes, will not used for interpretation of the contract terms and the rights and obligations.
-

Clause 17 Effectiveness of the contract

This contract is established and entered into effective upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Pledgor and Pledgee or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop.

The pledge is established upon the effectiveness of this contract.

This contract will be printed and signed in five copies, Guarantor and the debtor hold one copy each, Creditor holds three copies; each copy has the same legal effect

/s/ Dangyu Pan
Signature of Guarantor and Sponsor
January 10, 2013

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]
Stamp of Creditor (if Pledgee is a corporation)
Signature of legal representative or authorized representative
January 10, 2013

Attachment:

Sponsor's Consent

I, as the sponsor of Dangyu Pan, agree to assume the guarantee responsibility defined in the Guaranty Contract of the maximum amount of Guaranty with the mutual assets.

Signature of Sponsor
January 10, 2013

Maximum Amount Guaranty Contract

Reference No. : 2013zhenzhongyinbubaoezi No.0014

Guarantor: Springpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Business Licences: 440306503295562

Legal Representative: Dangyu Pan

Address: Factory A, Chaoshun Industrial Zone, Renmin Road, Fumin Residential Area, Guanlan, BaoAn District,

Postal code: 518000

Deposit A/C and financial institutions: Bank of China, Pinghu Sub-branch, Shenzhen,

Telephone: 2802 9923 ; Facsimile: 2802 9923

Creditor: Bank of China, Buji Sub-branch.

Legal Representative: Yang Yong

Address: 108, Buji Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen; Postal code: 518112

Telephone: 2827 4825 ; Facsimile: 2827 0847

To guarantee the performing of the principle contract stated in Clause 1, both parties agree the following:

Clause 1 Principle Contract

1. The principle contract is "Comprehensive credit contract (2013 zhenzhongyinbuxiezi No 0000099)" and its supplements signed between Creditor and Debtor, Shenzhen Highpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
2. The principle contract is "Fixed asset loan contract (2013zhenzhongyinbujiezi No 00002)" and its supplements signed between Creditor and Debtor, Shenzhen Highpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Clause 2 Principle Creditor's rights and the period

Unless otherwise agreed, the creditor's rights under the following contracts and the creditor's rights occurred before the engagement of this contract constitutes the principle creditor's rights of this contract.

1. The creditor's right occurred under comprehensive contract starting from the date of effectiveness, and ends upon the expiration of all the specific creditor's rights.
 2. The creditor's right occurred under fixed assets loan contract starting from the date of effectiveness, and ends upon the repayment date defined on the contract.
-

Clause 3 The maximum amount guaranteed

1. The maximum amount assumed guaranteed is:
Currency: Renminbi
Amount (Capital letter): One hundred and twenty million
Amount (in numbers): 120,000,000
2. The principle creditor's rights under the principle contract constitute the principle creditor's rights under this contract, which includes: loan principle, interest, compound interest, punitive interest, liquidated damage, the cost for realization of the creditor's right (includes but not limited to the announcement fee, delivery fees, appraisal fees, legal fees, travel expenses, assessment fees, auction fees, the property preservation fee, compulsory execution fee and etc), as well as the Pledgee's loss due to the breach of covenants.

The sum of the above terms constitutes the maximum amount of guaranteed for this contract.

Clause 4 Types of guaranty

Joint responsibility guaranty.

Clause 5 The guarantee responsibilities

Under the circumstance that, the debtor of principle contract failed to pay off the creditor's rights when due (on due date or early termination date), the guaranty is assumed to be responsible in accordance with this contract.

The due date in the previous sentence means the repayment date agreed in the principle contract. The early termination date is the termination date request by creditor per law or per agreements under the principle contracts.

Creditor's rights on other guarantee contracts or collateral contracts should not have an impact on the performing of this contract. Guarantor should assume responsibility under this contract rather than plea with the execution in order.

Clause 6 The responsible period

The responsible period for this contract is two years after the establishment of the creditor's rights under Clause 2

During the period, Creditor is entitled to the right to request the assumption of responsibility from Guarantor in full or in part on one or on all creditor rights.

Clause 7 The duration of action

During the period that the creditor's rights have not been paid off when due, Guarantor is assumed responsible under the joint responsibility guarantee. Creditor is entitled to claim the rights within the responsible period defined in Clause 6, the duration of action started upon the request.

Clause 8 The relationship between this contract and the principle contract

Upon the termination or early termination of the principle contract, Guarantor assumes guarantee responsibility on occurred debt. The change of principle contract will not be informed to the Guarantor unless under the following circumstances, change of currency, interest rate, amount, period, or other terms which might affect the increase of the amount of the principle creditor's rights or extend the effective period of the principle contract. Guarantor remains obligated to assume the guarantee responsibility to the changed principle contract. Under the previous stated circumstance which Guarantor's consent is required, Pledgor Guarantor is entitled to the right to reject to assume the guarantee responsibility on the incremental portion.

Under the circumstances that, Creditor provide the letter of credit, trade financing services to debtor under the principle contract, Guarantor won't be notified but assumed guarantee responsibility. It is the Creditor's responsibility to registry for the incremental business contract.

Clause 9 Statements and Commitments

Guarantor's statement:

1. Guarantor is legally registered and operating, and owns the full civil rights required by this contract.
 2. Signing and performing the contract is the true will of Guarantor, Guarantor has been granted all necessary authorizations in effect before signing the contract. The contract does not form a default for other contracts signed and performed by Guarantor. It is Guarantor's responsibility to complete all required approvals, registrations, permits and filings.
 3. All document and information provided by Guarantor to Creditor are true, complete, accurate and effective.
 4. Guarantor is willing to cooperate in the check and inspection on its financial conditions performed by Creditor.
 5. Guarantor did not conceal any existing liability upon the signing of the contract
 6. Inform the Creditor in time for any issues might affect Guarantor's performing capability, which including but not limited to business splitting, merger and termination, disposal of major assets, restructuring, reorganization, joint venture arrangement with foreign capitals, changing of controlling shareholders or de facto control of Party A, capital reduction, liquidation, re-pledge the encumbered assets, withdrawal, bankruptcy, dissolution and involved in significant law suits.
-

Clause 10 Breach of covenants

Any of the following situations would be considered as breach of contract covenant:

1. Guarantor is in violation with the previous terms of the contract.
2. The statements of the Guarantor is untrue or in violation with its commitments
3. The occurrence of issues defined under the point 6 of clause 9 which might affect the Guarantor's financial position and performing capability.
4. Experiencing the termination of operation or bankruptcy.
5. In violation with other rights and obligations agreed in this contract.
6. Guarantor breaches the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.

When any of the above mentioned situations noticed, Creditor will perform the following in separate or all at the same time:

- 1) Request Guarantor to rectify within a definite time.
- 2) Reduce, temporarily pause or permanently terminate Guarantor's Credit limit in part or in all
- 3) Temporarily pause or permanently terminate in part or in all of Guarantor's application on specific credit line under this contract.
- 4) Announce the immediate expiration on all the credit lines granted under this contract and affiliated specific credit line contracts.
- 5) Terminate or release this contract, terminate or release in part or in all of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts signed between Guarantor and Creditor
- 6) Request compensation from Guarantor on the losses thereafter caused.
- 7) Assume the guarantee responsibility on Guarantors.
- 8) Other necessary procedures on Party B's concern

Clause 11 Rights reserved

Either party might reserve part of or all of the rights under this contract and the affiliated specific credit line contracts, this does not imply the party has surrendered or remitted the unperformed rights and obligations.

Either party might sometimes tolerate, extend or delay the execution of certain rights, this does not deem as the party has surrendered or remitted the rights.

Clause 12 Change, Modification, Termination and Partial invalidity

Upon negotiation and agreed by both parties, this contract can be changed and modified, the written record of the changes and modifications should form the inseparable part of this contract.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the contract would not be terminated prior to all the rights and obligations defined are fulfilled.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the void of single terms under this contract should no invalid other contract under this contract.

Clause 13 Applicable Law and Resolution for Dispute

1. This contract is entered into according with the People's Republic of China, and applicable to the law of the People's Republic of China.
2. The resolution of dispute should be appealed in Party B or other Bank of China subsidiaries defined in this contract or other affiliated contracts

Clause 14 Attachments

Not applicable

Clause 15 Other terms and conditions

1. Without Creditor's prior written approval, Guarantor is not allowed to transfer the rights and obligations under this contract to 3rd Parties.
2. Guarantor should give the consent that, Creditor might somehow authorize other affiliated institution of Bank of China to perform the obligation. The performing party entitles all the rights and obligations under this contract and the affiliated credit line contracts, the performing party reserves the rights to appeal a resolution of dispute if necessary.
3. The contract has equivalent restrictions to the successors or inherits of both parties.
4. Unless otherwise agreed, the domicile addresses stated in this contract are for corresponding use; both parties should notify each other in writing about any changes of its domicile addresses.
5. The title and name of business product is for business purposes, will not used for interpretation of the contract terms and the rights and obligations.

Clause 16 Effectiveness of the contract

This contract is established and enters into effective upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Guarantor and Creditor or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop.

The pledge is established upon the effectiveness of this contract.

This contract will be printed and signed in five copies, Guarantor and the debtor hold one copy each, Creditor holds three copies; each copy has the same legal effect

/s/ Dangyu Pan

[COMPANY SEAL]

Stamp of Guarantor (if Guarantor is a corporation)

Signature of Authorized Representative

January 10, 2013

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]

Stamp of Creditor (if Creditor is a corporation)

Signature of legal representative or authorized representative

January 10, 2013

Comprehensive Credit Line Contract

Reference No. : 2013zhenzhongyinbuexiezi No.0000132

Party A: Springpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Business Licences: 440306503295562

Legal Representative: Dangyu Pan

Address: Factory A, Chaoshun Industrial Zone, Renmin Road, Fumin Residential Area, Guanlan, BaoAn District,

Postal code: 518000

Deposit A/C and financial institutions: Bank of China, Pinghu Sub-branch, Shenzhen, Telephone: 2802 9923 ; Facsimile: 2802 9923

Party B: Bank of China, Buji Sub-branch.

Legal Representative: Yang Yong

Address: 108, Buji Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen; Postal code: 518112

Telephone: 2827 4825 ; Facsimile: 2827 0847

The parties agree as follow.

Clause 1 Scope of Business

Satisfied by condition precedent defined in this contract, Party A is allowed to apply for recurring, temporary or one-off credit line from Party B in the form of a short-term loan, deposit account overdraft, bank acceptance, trade finance, bank guarantee, or other monetary financing or credit authorization business ("Specific credit line business").

The trade finance business under this contract is included and limited to: international letter of credit, domestic letter of credit, import bill advance, shipping guarantee, packing credit, export bill purchase, export bill discount, import bill advance under LC, negotiation credit and other international and domestic trade finance business.

The bank guarantee business under this contract includes bank guarantee, standby letter of credit and all sorts of bank guarantee business.

Clause 2 Types and amount of credit line

Party B agrees to offer the following:

Currency in: Renminbi

Amount: Renmibi Twenty millions

RMB 20,000,000.00

Types: 1. Loans : RMB10,000,000.00

2. Bank Acceptances: RMB10,000,000.00

Clause 3 Usage of credit lines

1. Within the credit line period, under the agreed upper limits on each type of credit line, Party A can use the credit line recurrently. If Party A need to apply for the one-off credit line, a written application is required. And both parties should agree that Party B has the final say on whether and how the one-off credit line will be granted. Party B will notify Party A in writing once the decision is made.
2. This contract will override all of the credit line contracts previously signed by Party A and Party B. Upon the effective date of this contract, all the used and unused credit lines prior to this contract will be considered as used and unused credit lines under this contract
3. Unless otherwise agreed, the following business will not occupy the credit line under this contract.
 - 1) Export bill purchase business with precisely matched bills, documents and certificates
 - 2) Outwards letters of credit, bank guarantee and trade finance business which Party B agreed to act as confirming bank.
 - 3) Any credit line business which guaranteed by Party A by deposits, government bonds, deposit certificates issued by Party B, bank acceptance, guarantee or standby letters of credit accepted by Party B
 - 4) Any other business agreed by both parties.The above defined businesses, although they will not occupy the credit limits under this contract, they will still be considered as inseparable parts of the contract.

Clause 4 Application of specific credit line business

Written applications or separate contracts are required from Party A to apply specific credit line.

Clause 5 Period

The credit line defined in clause 2 under this contract will be started from the effective date and end on 25th Jan 2014.

Upon negotiation, both parties can extend the contract period by signing supplementary contracts. Party B will continue to provide credit lines under supplementary contracts. All terms and conditions under this contract have the equivalent legal effects and restrictions on the supplementary contracts.

The termination of specific credit line will only occur when all the rights and obligations are fulfilled. The above period has no limitation on specific credit line under this contract.

Clause 6 Condition Precedents of specific credit line business

Party A should fulfill the following condition precedents before applying an specific credit line business

- 1) File the necessary document, stamps and signatures in Party B in relating to this contract and all the specific credit line contract under this contracts
- 2) Open the necessary bank account
- 3) Make sure the required guarantee contracts are properly in place
- 4) Other condition precedents required for specific credit line contracts
- 5) Other condition precedents required by Party B

Clause 7 Guaranty

For all the liabilities occurred under this contract and the specific credit line contract affiliated to this contract should be guaranteed by the following:

Maximum Amount Guarantee provided by:

- 1) Shenzhen Highpower Technology Co. Ltd., a guarantee contract is signed separately;
- 2) Dangyu Pan, a guarantee contract is signed separately;

Pledge on Account Receivables

- 1) The loan and liabilities is pledged by account receivables from Party A, a pledge contract is signed separately;

Under certain circumstance that Party A or the Guarantor might unable to fulfill or make Party B believes they are unable to fulfill the contractual capacity, e.g: Guarantee Contracts are invalid, Party A is or will be under significant business difficulties or risks: deteriorated financials, litigation issues which might affect its repayment ability, Guarantors were found default in other contracts with Party B, devaluation, dismissal or damage of collaterals which might cause the value of the collaterals slaked or losses. Party B reserves the right to and

Party A has the obligation to additional or replace the guarantor.

Clause 8 Statement and Commitment

1. Party A's statement:

- 1) Party A is legally registry and operating, and owning the full civil rights required by this contract.
 - 2) Signing and performing the contract is the true will of Party A, Party A has been granted all necessary authorizations in effect before signing the contract. The contract does not form a default for other contracts signed and performed by Party A. It is Party A's responsibility to complete all required approvals, registrations, permits and filings.
 - 3) All documents and information provided by Party A to Party B are true, complete, accurate and effective.
 - 4) All the transactions mentioned by Party A for apply specific credit line should be real and not for illegal purposes such as: money laundry.
 - 5) No hidden events regarding Party A and guarantor's financial and repayment abilities
-

2. Party A's commitment:

- 1) Timely delivery of the financial statements and other relevant information, (including but not limited to annual, quarterly and monthly financial reports.
- 2) Cooperation in Party B's exam and inspection on the utilization of the loan as well as the Party A's financials and operations
- 3) Any counter-guarantee agreement between the guarantors and Party A will not affect the Party B's underlying rights under this contract
- 4) Under circumstances Party A or Guarantor's capability of performing the contract might be affected, Party A should notify Party B in time. Those circumstances included but not limited to significant organizational changes, e.g. business splitting, merger and termination, disposal of major assets, restructuring, reorganization, joint venture arrangement with foreign capitals, changing of controlling shareholders or de facto control of Party A, capital reduction, liquidation, re-pledge the encumbered assets, withdrawal, bankruptcy, dissolution and involved in significant law suits.
- 5) As for undefined business practice, Party A is committed to follow Party B's regulation and normal practice in daily operation.
- 6) Party A committed not to distribute bonus during the credit period
- 7) Agreed by both parties, for the purpose to ensure the Party B's claims on credit funds and Party B's convenience to monitoring the repayment progress, Party A should guarantee the proportion of sales fund received in Party A's account opened with Party B over Party A's total sales should be matching to the proportion of Party A's credit line received from Party B over Party A's total credit line received from financial institution.

Clause 9 Related party and related party transaction of Party A

Party A is not defined as Group Credit Customer by Party B in accordance with "Guidance of Risk Management by Commercial Banks for Granting Credit to Customer Groups"

Clause 10 Breach of Covenants

Any of the following situations would be considered as breach of contract covenant:

1. Party A did not perform the repayment obligation under this contract or the affiliated specific credit line contracts
2. Party A has not used the credit funds according to agreed purposes.
3. Party A's statement in this contract or the affiliated specific contracts are untrue or in violation with Party A's commitment in this or the affiliated specific contracts.
4. Under the circumstance defined in 2.4) in Clause 8, Party A refused to provide additional guarantee or replacement of new guarantor
5. Party B is or will be under significant business difficulties or risks: deteriorated financials, significant financial losses and loss of assets (including but not limited asset losses for fulfill guarantee obligations) or other financial crisis.
6. Party A is in violation with other rights and obligations agreed in this contract.
7. Party A breaches the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.
8. Guarantors breach the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.

When any of the above mentioned situation noticed, Party B will perform the following in separate or all at the same time:

- 1) Request Party A or Guarantor to rectify within a definite time.
 - 2) Reduce, temporarily pause or permanently terminate Party A's Credit limit in part or in all
 - 3) Temporarily pause or permanently terminate in part or in all of Party A's application on specific credit line under this contract.
 - 4) Announce the immediate expiration on all the credit lines granted under this contract and affiliated specific credit line contracts.
 - 5) Terminate or release this contract, terminate or release in part or in all of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts signed between Party A and Party B.
 - 6) Request compensation from Party A on the losses thereafter caused.
 - 7) Party A's deposit account in Party B will be hold in custody for debt pay off for the comprehensive credit line and specific credit line under this contract. All the undue liabilities were deeming due and entitled the immediate payoff from Party A's restricted accounts. If the currency in deposit account is differ from the currency of the liabilities, the exchange rate on the date of the hold in custody will be applied.
 - 8) Real rights granted by way of security will be executed.
 - 9) Assume the guarantee responsibility on Guarantors.
 - 10) Other necessary procedures on Party B's concern
-

Clause 11 Rights reserved

Either party might reserve part of or all of the rights under this contract and the affiliated specific credit line contracts, this does not imply the party is surrendered or remitted the unperformed rights and obligations.

Either party might sometimes tolerant, extend or delay the execution of certain rights, this does not deem as the party is surrendered or remitted the rights.

Clause 12 Change, Modification, Termination and Partial invalid

Upon negotiation and agreed by both parties, this contract can be changed and modified, the written record of the changes and modifications should form the inseparable part of this contract.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the contract would not be terminated prior to all the rights and obligations defined are fulfilled.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the void of single terms under this contract should no invalid other contract under this contract.

Clause 13 Applicable Law and Resolution for Dispute

1. This contract entered into according with the People's Republic of China, and applicable to the law of the People's Republic of China.
2. The resolution of dispute should be appealed in Party B or other Bank of China subsidiaries defined in this contract or other affiliated contracts

Clause 14 Attachments

Not applicable.

Clause 15 Other terms and conditions

1. Without Party B's prior written approval, Party A is not allowed to transfer the rights and obligations under this contract to 3rd Parties.
 2. Party A should give the consent that, Party B might somehow authorize other affiliated institution of Bank of China to perform the obligation. The performing party entitles all the rights and obligations under this contract and the affiliated credit line contracts, the performing party reserves the rights to appeal a resolution of dispute if necessary.
 3. The contract has equivalent restrictions to the successors or inherits of both parties.
 4. Unless otherwise agreed, the domicile addresses stated in this contract are for corresponding use; both parties should notify each other in writing about any changes of its domicile addresses.
 5. The title and name of business product is for business purposes, will not used for interpretation of the contract terms and the rights and obligations.
 6. If required by the governing institutions, Party B might not be able to perform the obligations agreed in this contract. Party is exempted from punishment under this circumstance.
-

Clause 16 Effective of the contract

This contract is established and enters into effect upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Party A and Party B or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop.

This contract will be print and signed in six copies, Party A and the guarantors hold one copy each, Party B holds three copies, each copy has the same legal effect

/s/ Dangyu Pan
Stamp of Party A
Signature of director or authorized representative
January 25, 2013

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]
Stamp of Party B (if Party B is a corporation)
Signature of legal representative or authorized representative
January 25, 2013

Account Receivable Pledge Contract
(Applicable for pledgor is debtor)

Reference No. : 2013zhenzhongyinbuzhixiezi No.0008

Pledgor: Springpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Business Licences: 440306503295562

Legal Representative: Dangyu Pan

Address: Factory A, Chaoshun Industrial Zone, Renmin Road, Fumin Residential Area, Guanlan, BaoAn District,

Postal code: 518000

Deposit A/C and financial institutions: Bank of China, Pinghu Sub-branch, Shenzhen,

Telephone: 2802 9923 ; Facsimile: 2802 9923

Pledgee: Bank of China, Buji Sub-branch.

Legal Representative: Yang Yong

Address: 108, Buji Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen; Postal code: 518112

Telephone: 2827 4825 ; Facsimile: 2827 0847

To guarantee the performing of the principle contract stated in Clause 1, both party agrees the following:

Clause 1 Principle Contract

The principle contract is "Comprehensive credit contract (2013 zhenzhongyinbuxiezi No 0000132)" and its supplements signed between Pledgor and Pledgee.

Clause 2 Principle Creditor's rights

The principle creditor's rights under the principle contract constitute the principle creditor's rights under this contract, which includes: loan principle, interest, compound interest, punitive interest, liquidated damage, the cost for realization of the creditor's right (includes but not limited to the announcement fee, delivery fees, appraisal fees, legal fees, travel expenses, assessment fees, auction fees, the property preservation fee, compulsory execution fee and etc), as well as the Pledgee's loss due to the breach of covenants.

Clause 3 The underlying pledge assets

This underlying asset available to pledge in this contract is the Accounts receivable, details please refer to the appendix'' details of the underlying pledged assets''

Without Pledgee's written consents, Pledgor is not allowed to transfer the underlying asset, transfer the contract which constitutes the underlying assets, to engage in the factoring or financing business. The factoring and financing business can be engaged in only under the circumstances that 1) once the creditor's rights of the Pledgor has been paid off; 2) full deposit has been transferred into the bank account appointed by Pledgor.

Without Pledgee's written consents, Pledgor is not allow to change the terms and conditions such as currency, amount, payment methods on the contract which constitutes the underlying assets.

Pledgor should hand over the proof of the assets (If any) Pledgor should open the bank account in Pledgee's' branch for collecting the account receivables. Pledgee is entitled to the claim on the rights of the account receivables to assume the guarantee responsibilities Pledgee is entitled to the compensation if the value of the account receivables is diminished or lost due the default of Pledgor or a 3rd party.

Clause 4 The registration

It is the Pledgor's obligation to assist Pledgee in the pledge registration procedure in the authorities.

It is also the Pledgor's obligation to assist in the change of the registration procedure.

Clause 5 The circumstances that the diminish in the value of Account Receivables and the possibility that the failure to recover of account receivables Under the following circumstance, Pledgee is entitled to the rights to require Pledgor to provide deposit or guarantees to the diminished portion; If Pledgor fails to provide additional guarantee, Pledgor entitled the rights to execute the pledge rights.

1. Before the principle creditor's rights has been full paid off, the value of the underlying accounts receivables has diminished for the reason other than Pledgee's behavior, which might significantly harm the rights and interests of the Pledgee
2. The percentage of bad debt has been increased for two consecutive months, or the pledged but unpaid due amount of account receivables has excesses 5% of the total pledged account receivables.
3. There is trade dispute between Pledgor and the debtor of the account receivables, which might lead to the result that the account receivables could not be recovered when due.
4. Other circumstance which might lead to the result that the account receivables could not be recovered when due.
When any of the above circumstance exist, Pledgor should take action to avoid further deteriorate and notify the Pledgee in writer immediately.

Clause 6 Interest generated from the account receivables

The interest generated from the pledged account receivables should be assumed responsible to the creditor's rights after the deduction of the cost of collecting those interests.

Clause 7 The existence of the guarantee responsibilities

Under the circumstance that, the debtor of principle contract failed to pay off the creditor's rights when due (on due date or early termination date), the pledge is assumed to be responsible in accordance with this contract.

The due date in the previous sentence means the repayment date agreed in the principle contract. The early termination date is the termination date request by creditor per law or per agreements under the principle contracts.

Clause 8 The realization of the pledgee's rights

Once assumed guarantee responsibility, Pledgee entitled the rights to request the execution immediately. The execution action includes but not limited to request the debtor of the account receivables to pay off, compromise for discount, sale the rights on account receivables through auction, etc. Pledgor should be cooperated on the above mentioned actions. The amount received after the cost of execution, should use to pay off the principle creditor's rights under the principle contracts.

Under the circumstance that, the expiration of account receivables is earlier than the expiration of the principle creditor's rights, the amount collected from the pledged account receivables by Pledgor should deposit in the appointed account. And the deposit should still assume the guarantee responsibility for the undue principle creditor's rights.

Pledgor's rights on other guarantee contracts or collateral contracts should not have an impact on the performing of this contract. Pledgor should assume responsibility under this contract rather than plea with the execution in order.

Clause 9 The relationship between this contract and the principle contract

Upon the termination or early termination of the principle contract, Pledgor assumed guarantee responsibility on occurred debt.

The change of principle contract will not be informed to the Pledgor unless under the following circumstances, change of currency, interest rate, amount, period, or other terms which might affect the increase of the amount of the principle creditor's rights or extend the effective period of the principle contract. Pledgor remains to assume the guarantee responsibility to the changed principle contract.

Under the previous stated circumstance which Pledgor's consent is required, Pledgor entitles the rights to reject to assume the guarantee responsibility on the incremental portion.

Under the circumstances that, Pledgee provide the letter of credit, trade financing services to debtor under the principle contract, Pledgor won't be notified but assumed guarantee responsibility. It is the Pledgee's responsibility to registry for the incremental business contract.

Clause 10 Statements and Commitments

Pledgor's statement:

1. Pledgor is legally registry and operating, and owning the full civil rights required by this contract.
 2. Pledgor committed that accounts receivable can be transferred lawfully; the underlying contract is true and effective. There is no restriction terms on the underlying contract which prohibited from transfer, pledge, flexible payment terms and custody account etc.
Pledgor committed that the goods and services defined in the underlying contract has been sold or provided as agree. No other issues might affect the recoverability of the accounts receivable.
 3. Pledgor committed that no other creditor's rights attached on the pledged accounts receivable, or if any, written consents has been obtained. Pledgor agreed to hand over the written consent to Pledgee for custody.
 4. No other creditor's rights is attached on the pledged accounts receivable, no enforcement or property reservation order is attached on the pledged accounts receivable which might affect the Pledgee's rights and interests. The pledge set under this contract will be the primary beneficiary after the legal procedure is completed.
 5. Signing and performing the contract is the true will of Pledgor, Pledgor has been granted all necessary authorizations in effect before signing the contract. The contract does not form a default for other contracts signed and performed by Pledgor. It is Pledgor's responsibility to complete all required approvals, registrations, permits and filings.
 6. All document and information provided by Pledgor to Pledgee are true, complete, accurate and effective.
 7. Pledgor did not conceal all the other creditor's rights, factoring and financing attached to the underlying assets.
 8. Pledgor legally possess full rights on the underlying assets, without Pledgee's written consents, Pledgor will not surrender any rights and benefits attached to the underlying assets, will not sell, transfer, or financing the underlying assets.
 9. Under the circumstances that new creditor's rights are attached on the underlying assets or significant argue and dispute on the underlying contracts, Pledgor should notify Pledgee immediately.
 10. Pledgor should notify the debtor of the underlying contract within 10 days in written with regard to the pledge. Receipts should be provided to Pledgee on the notification.
 11. Pledgor committee to assist in the registration process.
-

Clause 11 Default of the contract

Pledgor's absence in the registration procedure will be considered the event of default. Pledgee's loss from the default should be compensated by Pledgor.

Clause 12 Breach of covenants

Any of the following situations would be considered as breach of contract covenant:

1. Pledgor is in violation with the previous terms of the contract, transferred or disposed all or part of the accounts receivable.
2. Pledgor transferred or disposed all or part of the accounts receivable in any other forms that harms the pledgee's rights.
3. Accounts receivable can not be recovered when due.
4. Under the clause 5 of this contract that diminish of the value of the accounts receivables, and Pledgor cannot provide additional guarantee.
5. The statements of the Pledgor are untrue or in violation with its commitments
6. Pledgor is in violation with other rights and obligations agreed in this contract.
7. Pledgor is or will be under significant business changes such as termination of operation, dismiss or bankruptcy.
8. Pledgor breaches the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.

When any of the above mentioned situations noticed, Pledgee will perform the following in separate or all at the same time:

- 1) Request Pledgor to rectify within a definite time.
- 2) Reduce, temporarily pause or permanently terminate Pledgor's Credit limit in part or in all
- 3) Temporarily pause or permanently terminate in part or in all of Pledgor's application on specific credit line under this contract.
- 4) Announce the immediate expiration on all the credit lines granted under this contract and affiliated specific credit line contracts.
- 5) Terminate or release this contract, terminate or release in part or in all of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts signed between Pledgor and Pledgee
- 6) Request compensation from Pledgor on the losses thereafter caused.
- 7) Assume the guarantee responsibility on Guarantors.
- 8) Other necessary procedures on Party B's concern

Clause 13 Rights reserved

Either party might reserve part of or all of the rights under this contract and the affiliated specific credit line contracts, this does not imply the party has surrendered or remitted the unperformed rights and obligations.

Either party might sometimes tolerate, extend or delay the execution of certain rights, this does not deem as the party is surrendered or remitted the rights.

Clause 14 Change, Modification, Termination and Partial invalidity

Upon negotiation and agreed by both parties, this contract can be changed and modified, the written record of the changes and modifications should form the inseparable part of this contract.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the contract would not be terminated prior to all the rights and obligations defined are fulfilled.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the void of single terms under this contract should no invalid other contract under this contract.

Clause 15 Applicable Law and Resolution for Dispute

1. This contract is entered into according with the People's Republic of China, and applicable to the law of the People's Republic of China.
2. The resolution of dispute should be appealed in Party B or other Bank of China subsidiaries defined in this contract or other affiliated contracts

Clause 16 Attachments

Not applicable.

Clause 17 Other terms and conditions

1. Without Pledgee's prior written approval, Pledgor is not allowed to transfer the rights and obligations under this contract to 3rd Parties.
 2. Pledgor should give the consent that, Pledgee might somehow authorize other affiliated institutions of Bank of China to perform the obligation. The performing party is entitled to all the rights and obligations under this contract and the affiliated credit line contracts, the performing party reserves the rights to appeal a resolution of dispute if necessary.
 3. The contract has equivalent restrictions to the successors or inherits of both parties.
 4. Unless otherwise agreed, the domicile addresses stated in this contract are for corresponding use; both parties should notify each other in writing about any changes of its domicile addresses.
 5. The title and name of business product is for business purposes, will not be used for interpretation of the contract terms and the rights and obligations.
 6. If required by the governing institutions, Party B might not be able to perform the obligations agreed in this contract. Party is exempted from punishment under this circumstance.
-

Clause 18 Effectiveness of the contract

This contract is established and entered into effective upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Pledgor and Pledgee or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop.

The pledge is established upon the effectiveness of this contract.

This contract will be printed and signed in five copies, Pledgor and the debtor hold one copy each, Pledgee holds three copies, each copy has the same legal effect

/s/ Danyu Pan
Stamp of Pledgor
Signature of director or authorized representative
January 25, 2013

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]
Stamp of Pledgee (if Pledgee is a corporation)
Signature of legal representative or authorized representative
January 25, 2013

Attachment:

Details of the underlying pledged assets (Ref No: 2013 zhenzhongyinbuzhixiezi No.0008)

Pledgor: Springpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Currency: Renminbi

Amount of Accounts Receivable: all accounts receivable within two years starting from the date of this contract.

Registration institution: The People's Bank of China Credit Reference Center

Maximum Amount Guaranty Contract
(Applicable if guarantor is natural person)

Reference No. : 2013zhenzhongyinbubaoezi No.0017

Guarantor: Dangyu Pan

Type of certification: identification card

Certification number:

Address: Building A2, Luoshan Industrial Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen

Postal code: 518111

Telephone: 8968 6236 ; Facsimile: 8968 6298

Creditor: Bank of China, Buji Sub-branch.

Legal Representative: Yang Yong

Address: 108, Buji Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen; Postal code: 518112

Telephone: 2827 4825 ; Facsimile: 2827 0847

To guarantee the performing of the principle contract stated in Clause 1, both parties agree the following:

Clause 1 Principle Contract

1. The principle contract is "Comprehensive credit contract (2013zhenzhongyinbuxiezi No 0000132)" and its supplements signed between Creditor and Debtor, Spingpower Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Clause 2 Principle Creditor's rights and the period

Unless otherwise agreed, the creditor's rights under the following contracts and the creditor's rights occurred before the engagement of this contract constitutes the principle creditor's rights of this contract.

The creditor's right occurred under comprehensive contract starting from the date of effective, ended upon the expiration of all the specific creditor's rights.

Clause 3 The maximum amount guaranteed

1. The maximum amount assumed guaranteed is:
Currency: Renminbi
Amount (Capital letter): Twenty million
Amount (in numbers): 20,000,000
-

2. The principle creditor's rights under the principle contract constitute the principle creditor's rights under this contract, which includes: loan principle, interest, compound interest, punitive interest, liquidated damage, the cost for realization of the creditor's right (includes but not limited to the announcement fee, delivery fees, appraisal fees, legal fees, travel expenses, assessment fees, auction fees, the property preservation fee, compulsory execution fee and etc), as well as the Pledgee's loss due to the breach of covenants.

The sum of the above terms constitutes the maximum amount of guaranteed for this contract.

Clause 4 Types of guaranty

Joint responsibility guaranty.

Clause 5 The guarantee responsibilities

Under the circumstance that, the debtor of principle contract failed to pay off the creditor's rights when due (on due date or early termination date), the guaranty is assumed to be responsible in accordance with this contract.

The due date in the previous sentence means the repayment date agreed in the principle contract. The early termination date is the termination date requested by creditor per law or per agreements under the principle contracts.

Creditor's rights on other guarantee contracts or collateral contracts should not have an impact on the performing of this contract. Guarantor should assume responsibility under this contract rather than plea with the execution in order.

Clause 6 The responsible period

The responsible period for this contract is two years after the establishment of the creditor's rights under Clause 2 During the period, Creditor is entitled to the rights to request Guarantor assume responsibility in full or in part on one or on all creditor rights.

Clause 7 The duration of action

During the period that the creditor's rights have not been paid off when due, Guarantor is assumed responsible under the joint responsibility guarantee. Creditor entitled to claim the rights within the responsible period defined in Clause 6, the duration of action started upon the request.

Clause 8 The relationship between this contract and the principle contract

Upon the termination or early termination of the principle contract, Guarantor assumed guarantee responsibility on occurred debt.

The change of principle contract will not be informed to the Guarantor unless under the following circumstances, change of currency, interest rate, amount, period, or other terms which might affect the increase of the amount of the principle creditor's rights or extend the effective period of the principle contract. Guarantor remains to assume the guarantee responsibility to the changed principle contract.

Under the previous stated circumstance which Guarantor's consent is required, Pledgor Guarantor entitles the rights to reject to assume the guarantee responsibility on the incremental portion.

Under the circumstances that, Creditor provide the letter of credit, trade financing services to debtor under the principle contract, Guarantor won't be notified but assumed guarantee responsibility. It is the Creditor's responsibility to registry for the incremental business contract.

Clause 9 Statements and Commitments

Guarantor's statement:

- a) Guarantor is a nature person possesses the capacity for civil rights and civil conducts in People's Republic of China to perform this contract. Party A can perform the civil conduct independently, no bad credit records such as debt overdue, overdue interest, malicious overdraft on credit card, no criminal records, qualified to be a legal guarantor.
 - b) Guarantor has full understanding about the terms and conditions set forth in the contract. It is Guarantor's true will to provide guarantee to debtor.
 - c) The establishment of this contract will not form a breach of covenant of any other previous contract Guarantor engaged in.
 - d) All documents and information provided by Guarantor to Creditor are true, complete, accurate and effective.
 - e) Guarantor is willing to cooperate in the check and inspection on its financial conditions performed by Creditor.
 - f) Guarantor did not conceal any existing liability upon the signing of the contract
 - g) Inform the Creditor in time for any issues might affect Guarantor's performing capability, which including but not limited to losses of assets, transfer, donation, assume responsibility on liabilities, involved in significant law suits or disputes.
 - h) If the Guarantor is married, make sure the sponsor's consent is obtained.
-

Clause 10 Authorization of access to personal information

Guarantor authorizes the access of personal information in the personal credit information database in the People's Bank of China to Creditor under the following circumstances.

1. Reference check on the Guarantor's credit status.
2. Reference check on the Guarantor's guarantee status.
3. After-loan management on the personal credit and guarantee status
4. Accept the credit line application of which the Guarantor guaranteed or to be legal representative or one of the funders.

Clause 11 Breach of covenants

Any of the following situations would be considered as breach of contract covenant:

1. Guarantor is in violation with the previous terms of the contract.
2. The statements of the Guarantor is untrue or in violation with its commitments
3. The occurrence of issues defined under the point 7 of clause 9 which might affect the Guarantor's financial position and performing capability.
4. In violation with other rights and obligations agreed in this contract.
5. Guarantor breaches the covenants on other credit line contracts with Party B or other affiliated institutions of Bank of China.

When any of the above mentioned situations noticed, Creditor will perform the following in separate or all at the same time:

- 1) Request Guarantor to rectify within a definite time.
- 2) Reduce, temporarily pause or permanently terminate Guarantor's Credit limit in part or in all
- 3) Temporarily pause or permanently terminate in part or in all of Guarantor's application on specific credit line under this contract.
- 4) Announce the immediate expiration on all the credit lines granted under this contract and affiliated specific credit line contracts.
- 5) Terminate or release this contract, terminate or release in part or in all of the affiliated specific credit line contracts as well as the other contracts signed between Guarantor and Creditor
- 6) Request compensation from Guarantor on the losses thereafter caused.
- 7) Assume the guarantee responsibility on Guarantors.
- 8) Other necessary procedures on Party B's concern

Clause 12 Rights reserved

Either party might reserve part of or all of the rights under this contract and the affiliated specific credit line contracts, this does not imply the party is surrendered or remitted the unperformed rights and obligations.

Either party might sometimes tolerant, extend or delay the execution of certain rights, this does not deem as the party is surrendered or remitted the rights.

Clause 13 Change, Modification, Termination and Partial invalid

Upon negotiation and agreed by both parties, this contract can be changed and modified, the written record of the changes and modifications should form the inseparable part of this contract.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the contract would not be terminated prior to all the rights and obligations defined are fulfilled.

Unless ruled by law or both parties formed a separate agreement, the void of single terms under this contract should no invalid other contract under this contract.

Clause 14 Applicable Law and Resolution for Dispute

1. This contract entered into according with the People's Republic of China, and applicable to the law of the People's Republic of China.
2. The resolution of dispute should be appealed in Party B or other Bank of China subsidiaries defined in this contract or other affiliated contracts

Clause 15 Attachments

Sponsor's consent.

Clause 16 Other terms and conditions

1. Without Creditor's prior written approval, Guarantor is not allowed to transfer the rights and obligations under this contract to 3rd Parties.
 2. Guarantor should give the consent that, Creditor might somehow authorize other affiliated institution of Bank of China to perform the obligation. The performing party entitles all the rights and obligations under this contract and the affiliated credit line contracts, the performing party reserves the rights to appeal a resolution of dispute if necessary.
 3. The contract has equivalent restrictions to the successors or inherits of both parties.
 4. Unless otherwise agreed, the domicile addresses stated in this contract are for corresponding use; both parties should notify each other in writing about any changes of its domicile addresses.
 5. The title and name of business product is for business purposes, will not used for interpretation of the contract terms and the rights and obligations.
-

Clause 17 Effective of the contract

This contract is established and enters into effect upon signing or sealing by the legal representatives (or person-in-charge) of Pledgor and Pledgee or their duly authorized agents, together with sealing by the company chop.

The pledge is established upon the effective of this contract.

This contract will be print and signed in five copies, Guarantor and the debtor hold one copy each, Creditor holds three copies; each copy has the same legal effect

/s/ Danyu Pan
Signature of Guarantor and Sponsor
January 25, 2013

/s/ [COMPANY SEAL]
Stamp of Creditor (if Pledgee is a corporation)
Signature of legal representative or authorized representative
January 25, 2013

Attachment:

Sponsor's Consent

I, as the sponsor of Danyu Pan, agree to assume the guarantee responsibility defined in the Guaranty Contract of the maximum amount of Guaranty with the mutual assets.

Signature of Sponsor
January 25, 2013

Private & Confidential

Our Reference: CMD-OU-2013-0708HA-FL

14 March 2013

Hong Kong Highpower Technology Company Limited
Unit 12 15/F Technology Park
18 on Lai Street
Shek Mun Shatin
NT

Dear Sirs,

Re: Banking Facility

We are pleased to advise that Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited (the "Bank") has agreed to make available new banking facility to you (the "Borrower") and to confirm that, subject to the availability of funds and the terms and conditions outlined herein, we hold the following credit facility at your disposal unless advise to the contrary by us.

- Total Line of Credit:** Up to USD3,000,000.00
(US Dollars Three Million Only.)
- Facility:** Term Loan
- Purpose:** To support the Borrower purchasing from overseas.
- Drawdown:** (1) Upon completion of all security documentation referred in this letter and the return of the duplicate of this letter, duly signed.

(2) In one lump sum and upon completion of all security documentation and against a drawdown notice satisfactory to the Bank, accompanied with invoice copy or payment evidence satisfactory to the Bank.
- Availability Period:** From the date of this facility letter to 19 September 2013. No loan drawing will be allowed beyond this period unless agreed by the Bank.
- Final Maturity Date:** 12 months after the date of the loan drawing or 2 months before the expiry day of the Commitment Letter, whichever is earlier.
- Interest Rate:** 1.50% p.a., subject to availability of funds and fluctuation at the Bank's discretion. Interest is calculated daily on a 360 days basis.
- Repayment:** Principal and accrued interest together with 1% government stamp duty on interest (when applicable) are to be repaid in one lump sum on Final Maturity Date. No principal and accrued interest payment should go beyond the Final Maturity Date.

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited
18/F, ICBC Tower, Macau Landmark, 555 Avenida da Amizade, Macau
Tel: (858) 2855 5222 Fax: (853) 2857 0758

Re: Hong Kong Highpower Technology Company Limited

**Security /
Documents:**

(1) Commitment Letter in the form of authenticated SWIFT under MT799 format for amount not less than USD3,100,000.00 (“Commitment Letter”), covering the outstanding principal, accrued interest and all related fees under this facility letter issued by Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, Shenzhen Branch (“ICBC Shenzhen Branch”) in favor of the Bank. The terms and conditions of the Commitment Letter must, among others, specify the following:

If during the loan tenor, you fails to immediately repay the principle, accrued interest and related fees demanded under any early repayment event as stipulated in this facility letter; or if at the Final Maturity Date, you fails to repay the principle, accrued interest and related fees, ICBC Shenzhen Branch shall issue a Stand-by Letter of Credit for amount not less than USC3,100,000.00, with expiry date at least one month after the Final Maturity Date in favor of the Bank within 7 business days upon receipt of the Bank’s written demand, for securing any unpaid principle, accrued interest and related fees under this facility letter.

(2) Board Resolution from the Borrower for accepting the facility and the corresponding terms and conditions, which is to be certified by a company director of the Borrower.

(3) General Agreement by Customer(s) signed by you. (form attached)

(4) Other banking and legal documents as and when required by the Bank,

Arrangement Fee:

0.2%p.a. on USD3,000,000.00, i.e. USD6,000.00, payable within 10 days after acceptance of this facility letter or payable on the date of the loan drawdown, whichever is earlier.

Expenses:

All legal fees and any other costs and charges incurred by the Bank in preparation, execution and enforcement of the banking facility and security documents are to be borne by you, including the legal expenses arising from loan recovery and compliance of statutory regulations.

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited
18/F, ICBC Tower, Macau Landmark, 555 Avenida da Amizade, Macau
Tel: (858) 2855 5222 Fax: (853) 2857 0758

Re: Hong Kong Highpower Technology Company Limited

- Overdue Penalty Interest:** The advances made by us under the above credit facility should be repaid as and when they fall due. However, should any such advances not be repaid on their respective due dates, penalty interest at 5% over of Our Best Lending Rate or such other interest rate as determined by the Bank from time to time shall be charged on the past due advances. The interest accrued on the advances or all other charges will be recovered by us on a monthly basis or at such other intervals as we may deem fit.
- Event of Default:** Any material breach of the terms and conditions under this facility letter and the Security Documents as determined by the Bank, the Bank shall have the right to demand full repayment of all outstanding indebtedness and charge default interest at the same interest rate as Overdue Penalty Interest.
- Early/Partial Prepayments:** Early full prepayment will be allowed, without penalty, subject to 30 days' prior written notice to the Bank.
- Other Terms and Conditions:**
- (1) All due payments (including principal, interest, overdue interest, expenses and taxes mentioned in this facility letter and other security documents) are to be debited to your current account or any other accounts maintained and/or to be opened by you with us, irrespective of whether or not such account or accounts have a credit balance.
 - (2) The fund from the loan is prohibited from transferring back to mainland China (excluding Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau) directly or indirectly for the purpose of lending, equity investment or security investment.
 - (3) The above Term Loan is a non-revolving credit. Any amount of repayments made may not be re-borrowed unless prior written approval is obtained from the Bank.
 - (4) The use and continued availability of the above credit facility is subject to proper documentation and the usual requirement that no adverse change has occurred in the financial condition of the Borrower as determined by the Bank.
 - (5) Any change of shareholding of the Borrower must obtain the Bank's prior consent.

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited
18/F, ICBC Tower, Macau Landmark, 555 Avenida da Amizade, Macau
Tel: (858) 2855 5222 Fax: (853) 2857 0758

Re: Hong Kong Highpower Technology Company Limited

**Governing Law
And Jurisdiction**

This facility letter shall be governed by and interpreted and construed in all respects in accordance with the laws of Hong Kong Special Administration Region. It is agreed that any disputes, legal actions or proceedings in accordance with this facility letter are submitted to the jurisdiction of the courts of Hong Kong, and the Bank has absolute right on the submission to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts outside Hong Kong.

Notwithstanding any of the terms and conditions specified above or in any of the Security Document, the Bank reserves its overriding right to cancel/modify the Line of Credit, to revise the terms and conditions, and to call for repayment and/or cash cover of all indebtedness, present and contingent plus accrued interest on immediate demand, with written notice to you.

This facility letter is available for your acceptance until 5 April 2013, on expiry of which, it will become null and void, unless extended by us in writing.

Please acknowledge your acceptance of the foregoing terms and conditions by signing and returning to us the duplicate of this letter. It is our pleasure to make this credit facility available to you and look forward to a long and mutually beneficial relationship with your esteemed company.

Yours sincerely,
For an on behalf of

INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BANK OF CHINA (MACAU), LIMITED

/s/ [illegible signature]

Authorized Signature(s)

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited
18/F, ICBC Tower, Macau Landmark, 555 Avenida da Amizade, Macau
Tel: (858) 2855 5222 Fax: (853) 2857 0758

Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Dang Yu Pan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Highpower International, Inc.;
 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
-

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 13, 2013

/s/ Dang Yu Pan

By: Dang Yu Pan

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Henry Sun, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Highpower International, Inc.;
 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
-

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 13, 2013

/s/ Henry Sun

Henry Sun

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Highpower International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending March 31, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned, in the capacities and on the date indicated below, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Dang Yu Pan

Dang Yu Pan
Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)
May 13, 2013

/s/ Henry Sun

Henry Sun
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)
May 13, 2013

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and is not filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as part of the Form 10-Q or as a separate disclosure document and is not incorporated by reference into any filing of Highpower International, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.
